- 1. This practice is meant for 50 minutes your exam will be 80 minutes.
- 2. I do not know what your actual exam looks like. The questions here are based on what I can gather from looking at previous midterms offered by Prof. Haiman + other professors.
- 3. The actual exam is closed book, no calculators. So for the best practice I would recommend doing that too for this.
- 4. You are allowed a single sided cheat sheet I believe for the exam feel free to use it for this if you'd like.
- 5. Show your work. Don't just write down the answer. Answers with little justification will usually not get you many points.
- 6. If you want it graded, REMEMBER TO WRITE YOUR NAME on the top.

#### Score breakdown:

- 1a: /5
- 1b: /5
- 1c: /5
- 2: /5
- 3a: /5
- 3b: /5
- 4a: /5
- 4b: /5
- Total: /40

## Problem 1 (15 Points)

- 1. (5 pts) Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{x+2}{x-1}\right)$ .
- 2. (5 pts) Does this function have an inverse? Why or why not?
- 3. (5 pts) Find all vertical and horizontal asymptotes of the graph of f.

# Problem 2 (5 Points)

Show the function  $2^x = \frac{x^2}{4}$  has a solution in the interval [-2, -1].

## Problem 3 (10 Points)

Find the limits (possibly infinite) of the following if they exist. If they don't then explain why not.

- 1. (5 pts)  $\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{100}{\tan(x)}$
- 2. (5 pts)  $\lim_{x\to 0} \arcsin(e^x \frac{1}{2})$

### Problem 4 (10 Points)

Consider the function  $f(x) = 1 + \sqrt{-x}$  defined on the interval  $(-\infty, 0)$ .

- 1. (5 pts) Describe the steps to transform the graph of f(x) to that of  $g(x) = \sqrt{2-2x}$ .
- 2. (5 pts) Let  $h(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{2-2x}, \text{ if } x < 1 \\ c+x, \text{ if } x \ge 1 \end{cases}$ .

Find c such that the function h is continuous everywhere.