

For full credit, please clearly show all your work.

### Problem 1

Consider the quadrature rule for the domain  $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$  with points and weights given by:

1.  $x_1 = 0, x_2 = \frac{1}{6}, x_3 = 1$

2.  $w_1 = -\frac{1}{2}, w_2 = \frac{6}{5}, w_3 = \frac{3}{10}$

Precision is 2

What is the precision of this quadrature rule?

$$0: \int_0^1 1 dx = 1$$

$$\text{Quadrature: } w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{6}{5} + \frac{3}{10} = 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$1: \int_0^1 x dx = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \text{Quadrature: } \sum w_i x_i$$

$$= \frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{6} + \frac{3}{10} \cdot 1 = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$2: \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}, \quad \text{Quadrature: } \sum w_i x_i^2$$

$$= \frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{36} + \frac{3}{10} \cdot 1 = \frac{5}{30} + \frac{1}{30} = \frac{10}{30} = \frac{1}{3} \quad \checkmark$$

$$3: \int_0^1 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}, \quad \text{Quadrature: } \sum w_i x_i^3$$

$$= \frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{6^3} + \frac{3}{10} \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{5 \cdot 36} + \frac{3}{10} \neq \frac{1}{4} \quad \times$$

## Problem 2

Use the quadrature rule from the previous question to approximate the integral

$$\int_1^4 e^x dx$$

You can leave your answer in terms of powers of  $e$ .

Change of variable:

$$y = \frac{x-1}{3}, \quad dy = \frac{1}{3} dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 e^{3y+1} dy \cdot 3$$

$$= 3 \left[ -\frac{1}{2} e^{3 \cdot 0 + 1} + \frac{6}{5} e^{3 \cdot \frac{1}{6} + 1} + \frac{3}{10} e^{3 \cdot 1 + 1} \right]$$

$$= 3 \left[ -\frac{1}{2} e + \frac{6}{5} e^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{3}{10} e^4 \right]$$