

## Matrix Multiply (20 Points)

In this problem you will implement matrix-matrix multiply two ways, using iteration and recursion. For all the problems we will assume that the matrices are of size  $2^k \times 2^k$  for some integer  $k \geq 0$ . Recall also that matrix-matrix multiplication is defined as

$$(AB)_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^n A_{ik} B_{kj}$$

### Problem 1 (7 points)

Write a Julia function that takes in two input matrices  $A$  and  $B$  and returns the product  $C = AB$  using for loops. You may only do scalar multiplication and addition, and may not use any built in functionality that performs matrix-matrix or matrix-vector multiplication.

```
function matmatmul(A, B)
    n = size(A)[1]
    C = zeros(n, n)
    for i = 1:n
        for j = 1:n
            for k = 1:n
                C[i, j] += A[i, k] * B[k, j]
            end
        end
    end
    return C
end
```

FUN FACT:

This takes  $n^3$  operations

Now you will implement matrix-matrix multiply recursively. Do this by splitting the matrices as

$$C = AB = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} B_{11} & B_{12} \\ B_{21} & B_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $A$  is size  $n \times n$  and each of the four submatrices is size  $\frac{n}{2} \times \frac{n}{2}$ .

## Problem 2 - 2 Points

What is the base case?

When  $n=1$ , then  $C=AB$  is just scalar multiplication.

## Problem 3 - 3 Points

Write out the expression for each submatrix  $C_{ij}$  in terms of the submatrices  $A_{ij}, B_{ij}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} C_{11} &= A_{11} B_{11} + A_{12} B_{21} & C_{12} &= A_{11} B_{12} + A_{12} B_{22} \\ C_{21} &= A_{21} B_{11} + A_{22} B_{21} & C_{22} &= A_{21} B_{12} + A_{22} B_{22} \end{aligned}$$

## Problem 4 - 8 Points

Write Julia code to implement matrix-matrix multiply recursively using this splitting method.

```
func recur(A, B)
    n = size(A)[1]
    C = zeros(n, n)
```

Base Case {  
if  $n=1$   
return  $A \cdot B$   
end

Generate submatrices {  
 $A_{11} = A[1:n/2, 1:n/2]$ ;  $B_{11} = B[1:n/2, 1:n/2]$   
 $A_{12} = A[1:n/2, n/2+1:end]$ ;  $B_{12} = B[1:n/2, n/2+1:end]$   
 $A_{21} = A[n/2+1:end, 1:n/2]$ ;  $B_{21} = B[n/2+1:end, 1:n/2]$   
 $A_{22} = A[n/2+1:end, n/2+1:end]$ ;  $B_{22} = B[n/2+1:end, n/2+1:end]$

Recursive calls {  
 $C[1:n/2, 1:n/2] = \text{recur}(A_{11}, B_{11}) + \text{recur}(A_{12}, B_{21})$   
 $C[1:n/2, n/2+1:end] = \text{recur}(A_{11}, B_{12}) + \text{recur}(A_{12}, B_{22})$   
 $C[n/2+1:end, 1:n/2] = \text{recur}(A_{21}, B_{11}) + \text{recur}(A_{22}, B_{21})$   
 $C[n/2+1:end, n/2+1:end] = \text{recur}(A_{21}, B_{12}) + \text{recur}(A_{22}, B_{22})$   
return C  
end