## MATH 55 WORKSHEET 07/11/17

## SHIYU LI

- 1. Prove using induction that  $1^2 + 2^2 + ... + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$  for all positive integers n. What is the base case and the inductive step?
- 2. Prove using induction that  $n! < n^n$  when n is an integer greater than 1.
- 3. Let  $H_n = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}$  denote the *n*th harmonic number. Prove that  $H_1 + \dots + H_n = (n+1)H_n n$ .
- 4. Prove that a set with n elements has  $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$  subsets of size 2 whenever  $n \ge 2$ . 5. Show that if n is a positive integer, then

$$\sum_{\{a_1,...,a_k\}\subset\{1,...,n\}} \frac{1}{a_1a_2...a_k} = n.$$

(Note that this sum is over all nonempty subsets of the set  $\{1,...,n\}.)$