## PROBLEM SET # 4 MATH 251

Due October 4.

1. (Lam 5.6) For any ring R, show that the Jacobson radical of the power series ring A = R[[t]] is given by

$$\operatorname{rad} A = \{ a + f(t)t \mid a \in \operatorname{rad} R, f(t) \in R \}.$$

**2**. Give an example of a pair of rings  $R \subset S$  such that rad  $S \cap R$  is not contained in rad R.

**3**. Let V be an even-dimensional vector space over a field k and q be a nondegenerate quadratic form on V. Prove that the Clifford algebra Cliff(V,q) is isomorphic to a matrix algebra over some division ring.

4. (Lam 5.7) For any k-algebra R and a finite field extension  $k \subset F$  show that rad R is nilpotent if and only if rad  $R^F$  is nilpotent.

5. (Lam 5.8) Let R be a  $\mathbb{Z}$ -graded ring, i.e.

$$R = \bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} R_i, \ R_i R_j \subset R_{i+j}.$$

Let  $J = \operatorname{rad} R$ . Prove that J is graded i.e.

$$J = \bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} R_i \cap J.$$

**6**. (Lam 6.1) Let k be a field, G be a group and H be a subgroup of finite index n. Assume that char k does not divide n. Let V be a k[G]-module. If V is semisimple over k[H], then it is semisimple over k[G].

7. (Lam 6.8) Let  $k \subset F$  be a field extension and G be a finite group. Show that

 $\operatorname{rad}(F[G]) = \operatorname{rad}(k[G]) \otimes_k F.$ 

Date: September 20, 2016.