

# MATH 55 - HOMEWORK 1

Due in class on Monday June 26, 2017

- 1.1 12, 17, 48 [Hint: A proposition is either false or true, but not both]
  - 1.3 25, 29 [Do not use the De-Morgan rules for these two exercises; the goal is to prove them]
  - 1.4 14, 43
  - 1.5 10, 20,
  - 1.6 15
  - 1.7 13,14 18, 24
  - 1.8 3, 29, 34
  - 2.1 7, 8, 23
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**Challenge** [Not to be handed in] Exercise 25 in 1.8. Try to do it by yourself first; if you're stuck, follow these steps:

- 1 Run the process for  $n = 3$  i.e. write down  $1, \dots, 6$  on the blackboard, and run the process until you have one integer left; verify that you are left with an odd integer. Repeat this once more (with different choices).
- 2 For any process, let  $S(m)$  be the sum of the numbers on the blackboard, after step  $m$ . Compute  $S(m)$  for all  $m$  in both the processes.
- 3 Is there something common between all the  $S(m)$ ? Generalize this to any process.

Now try to prove your generalization as follows:

- 4 Compute the sum on the blackboard before the process begun i.e. compute  $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 2n$ .
- 5 Notice that  $S(m + 1) - S(m) = |j - k| - j - k$ , where  $j$  and  $k$  are chosen on the  $m + 1$ -th step. What can you say about this, independent of  $j$  and  $k$ ?
- 6 Combine 4 and 5 to deduce that the leftover integer is odd.