Math 114

Professor Kenneth Alan Ribet Midterm Exam February 24, 1992

Which integers d satisfy 4 points $d\mathbb{Z} = \{51n - 68m \mid n, m \in \mathbb{Z}\}?$ Cite concrete examples of: a. An irreducibility criterion named for a German mathematician; 20 points b. An infinite field of characteristic 5; c. An algebraic extension of fields that has infinite degree; d. A reducible polynomial with no roots; e. An irreducible polynomial of degree 96; f. An irreducible cubic polynomial over \mathbb{F}_2 ; g. A French mathematician who was killed in a duel. h. A non-zero polynomial over some field K which vanishes on all elements of K. Explain why each cannot exist: a. A subfield with exactly 4 elements of a field with exactly 8 elements. b. A non-trivial factorization of $3t^4 - 25t^3 + 5t^2 - 10$ over \mathbb{Q} . c. An isomorphism of rings $2\mathbb{Z} \approx 3\mathbb{Z}$. d. An irrational number which may be written both as $f(\sqrt[3]{2})$ and as $q(\sqrt{3})$, for some f and g in $\mathbb{Q}[X]$.

4 9 points

Let L be a field and let K be a subfield of L. Suppose that α is an element of L, and let $R = K[\alpha]$ be the ring of polynomial expressions in α , with coefficients in K. Consider the group $U = R^*$ of units of R: the set of elements of R with inverses in R. Show that

$$U = \begin{cases} K \setminus \{0\} & \text{if } \alpha \text{ is transcendental over } K; \\ R \setminus \{0\} & \text{if } \alpha \text{ is algebraic over } K. \end{cases}$$

There are a total of 45 points. Solutions will be distributed at the end of the hour.

3 12 points

1

2