

Math 114

Professor Kenneth A. Ribet
Final Exam May 14, 1992

1 Find the sum of the roots of $f(X) = X^9 - 5X^8 + 12X^7 - 6X^6 + 42$.
5 points Find the sum of the squares of these roots.

2 Let $G = \mathbf{GL}(2, \mathbb{F}_p)$ be the group of two-by-two invertible matrices with
11 points coefficients in \mathbb{F}_p , under matrix multiplication.

4 pts. a. Suppose that $P \subseteq G$ is a p -Sylow subgroup of G and that $N(P) = \{g \in G \mid gPg^{-1} = P\}$ is its normalizer. What general formula gives the number of p -Sylow subgroups of G in terms of the orders of G and of $N(P)$?

4 pts. b. Find a specific p -sylow subgroup P of G , and determine its normalizer.

3 pts. c. Sketch the method we used in class to calculate the order of G .

3 Let $f(X) \in K[X]$ be an irreducible polynomial of degree n over a
11 points field K . Let $E = K[X]/(f(X))$.

5 pts. a. Prove that E is a field: explain how to find the inverse of a non-zero element of E .

4 pts. b. Suppose now that $K = \mathbb{F}_p$ is the field with p elements. Let G be the group of field automorphisms of E . What sort of group is G ? (Is it finite? simple? abelian? Can its order be determined from p and n ?)

2 pts. c. If $X^3 + aX + b$ is irreducible over \mathbb{F}_p , prove that $\Delta = -4a^3 - 27b^2$ has a square root in \mathbb{F}_p .

4 Suppose that $f(X)$ is an irreducible polynomial of degree d over a
7 points field K . Let L be an extension of K of degree n , where $(n, d) = 1$. Show that $f(X)$ remains irreducible when considered as an element of $L[X]$. [Hint: use the Tower Law.]

5 Let K be the field $\mathbb{Q}(e^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}})$, where n is a positive integer. Let α be a
10 points complex number whose n th power lies in K , and let $L = K(\alpha)$.

5 pts. a. Show that L/K is a Galois extension.

5 pts. b. Prove that $\text{Gal}(L/K)$ is cyclic of order dividing n .

6
10 points

Let N be a finite normal extension of K , and let E be a subfield of N which contains K . Set $n = [E : K]$, and denote by Σ the set of K -monomorphisms $E \rightarrow N$. Also, let $G = \text{Aut}_K(E)$ be the group of K -automorphisms of the field E .

3 pts.

a. What condition on the extension E/K is equivalent to the condition that Σ has exactly n elements?

3 pts.

b. What condition on the extension E/K is equivalent to the condition $\Sigma = G$?

4 pts.

c. Let F be the set of elements of E which are left fixed by all elements of G . Is E/F always a Galois extension?

7
13 points

Suppose that $E \subset \mathbb{C}$ is the splitting field of a (non-constant) irreducible polynomial $f(X) \in \mathbb{Q}[X]$. Let G be the Galois group $\text{Gal}(E/\mathbb{Q})$. Let α and β be roots of f in E , and set $\Omega = \{ \sigma \in G \mid \sigma(\alpha) = \beta \}$.

4 pts.

a. Is Ω necessarily non-empty?

3 pts.

b. Is Ω a subgroup of G ?

3 pts.

c. How does the size of Ω vary if β changes and α stays fixed?

3 pts.

d. Suppose that G is abelian. Prove that α is a real number if and only if β is a real number.

8
8 points

Let L/K be a finite Galois extension, with Galois group G . For $x \in L$, set $\mathcal{N}x := \prod_{\sigma \in G} (\sigma x)$.

4 pts.

a. Show $\mathcal{N}x \in K$.

4 pts.

b. If L is a finite field, show that \mathcal{N} is the map $x \mapsto x^i$, where $i = (L^* : K^*)$.

There are 75 points on this exam. Hope to see you again!