

# MATH 128A Numerical Analysis Discussion Section

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# Brief Review

- Hermite Interpolation
  - Divided difference with  $f'(x)$
- Cubic Spline Interpolation
  - Boundary conditions
  - Better than the previous interpolation?

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# Hermite interpolation

TABLE 6.3

$x$	$f(x)$	First divided differences	Second divided differences	Third divided differences
$x_0$	$f[x_0]$			
		$f[x_0, x_1] = \frac{f[x_1] - f[x_0]}{x_1 - x_0}$		
$x_1$	$f[x_1]$		$f[x_0, x_1, x_2] = \frac{f[x_1, x_2] - f[x_0, x_1]}{x_2 - x_0}$	
		$f[x_1, x_2] = \frac{f[x_2] - f[x_1]}{x_2 - x_1}$		$f[x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3] = \frac{f[x_1, x_2, x_3] - f[x_0, x_1, x_2]}{x_3 - x_0}$
$x_2$	$f[x_2]$		$f[x_1, x_2, x_3] = \frac{f[x_2, x_3] - f[x_1, x_2]}{x_3 - x_1}$	
		$f[x_2, x_3] = f'(x_2)$		$f[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4] = \frac{f[x_2, x_3, x_4] - f[x_1, x_2, x_3]}{x_4 - x_1}$
$x_3$	$f[x_3]$		$f[x_2, x_3, x_4] = \frac{f[x_3, x_4] - f[x_2, x_3]}{x_4 - x_2}$	
		$f[x_3, x_4] = \frac{f[x_4] - f[x_3]}{x_4 - x_3}$		$f[x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5] = \frac{f[x_3, x_4, x_5] - f[x_2, x_3, x_4]}{x_5 - x_2}$
$x_4$	$f[x_4]$		$f[x_3, x_4, x_5] = \frac{f[x_4, x_5] - f[x_3, x_4]}{x_5 - x_3}$	
		$f[x_4, x_5] = \frac{f[x_5] - f[x_4]}{x_5 - x_4}$		
$x_5$	$f[x_5]$			

# Hermite interpolation

**Table 3.17**

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<u>1.3</u>	<u>0.6200860</u>					
		<u>-0.5220232</u>				
<u>1.3</u>	<u>0.6200860</u>		-0.0897427			
		-0.5489460		0.0663657		
<u>1.6</u>	<u>0.4554022</u>		-0.0698330		0.0026663	
		<u>-0.5698959</u>		0.0679655		-0.0027738
<u>1.6</u>	<u>0.4554022</u>		-0.0290537		0.0010020	
		-0.5786120		0.0685667		
<u>1.9</u>	<u>0.2818186</u>		-0.0084837			
		<u>-0.5811571</u>				
<u>1.9</u>	<u>0.2818186</u>					

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# Cubic spline interpolation

- Find piece-wise cubic polynomial function  $S(x)$ 
  - $S(x) \in C^2(x_0, x_n)$
  - $S(x_i) = f(x_i)$
  - Natural / Clamped condition
- Above conditions are equivalent to
  - $S_j(x_j) = f(x_j), S_{j+1}(x_{j+1}) = f(x_{j+1})$
  - $S_j(x_j) = S_{j+1}(x_j) = f(x_j)$
  - $S'_j(x_j) = S'_{j+1}(x_j)$
  - $S''_j(x_j) = S''_{j+1}(x_j)$

# Cubic spline interpolation

- Natural

- $S_0''(x_0) = S_{n-1}''(x_n) = 0$

- Clamped

- $S_0'(x_0) = f'(x_0)$

- $S_{n-1}'(x_n) = f'(x_n)$



# Cubic spline interpolation

- Better than the previous interpolation?
  - Comparing the error terms

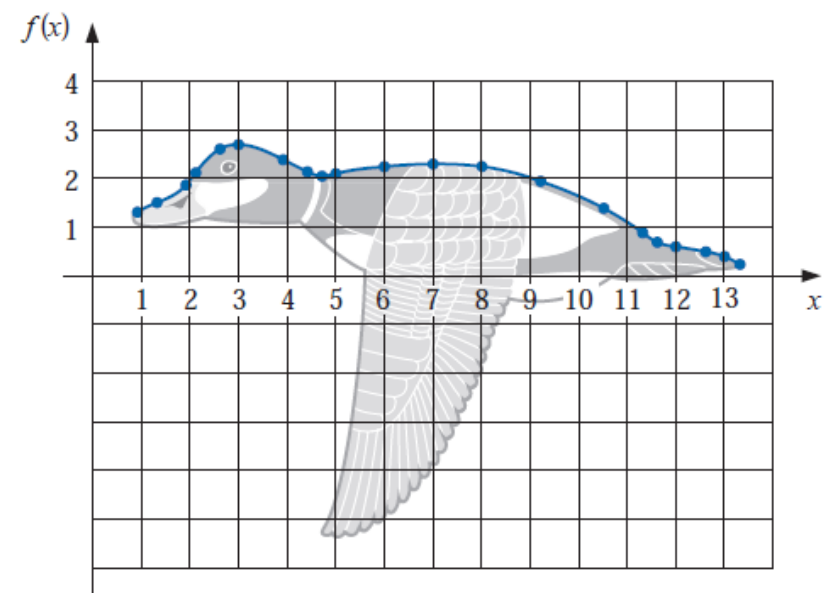
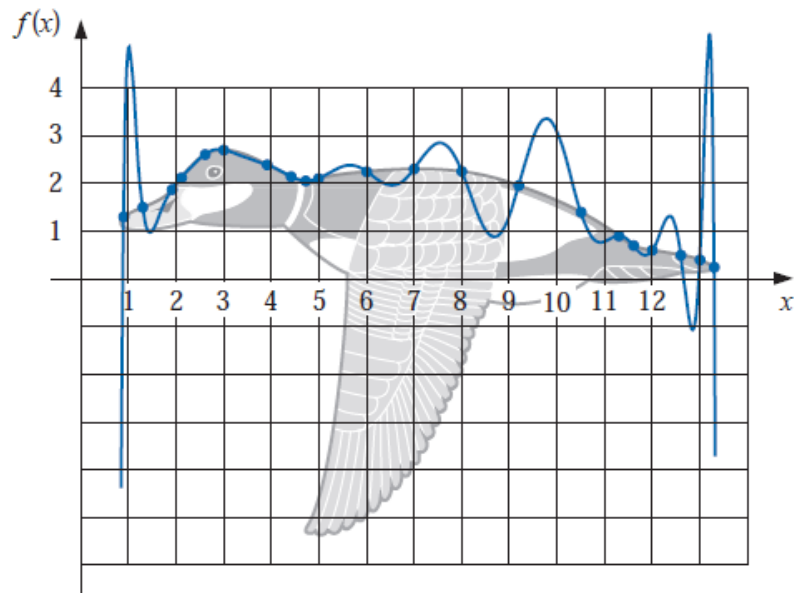
$$\frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi(x))}{(n+1)!} (x - x_0) \cdots (x - x_n)$$

vs

$$\frac{5 \max \left( f^{(4)}(x) \right)}{384} (x_{j+1} - x_j)^4$$

# Cubic spline interpolation

- Better than the previous interpolation?



# Programming Exercises

- Goal

- Derive the spline function from the given dataset

- Example

1. Determine the natural cubic spline  $S$  that interpolates the data  $f(0) = 0$ ,  $f(1) = 1$ , and  $f(2) = 2$ .

- Exercise

2. Determine the clamped cubic spline  $s$  that interpolates the data  $f(0) = 0$ ,  $f(1) = 1$  and  $f(2) = 2$  and satisfies  $s'(0) = s'(2) = 1$ .