

MATH 128A Numerical Analysis Discussion Section

Raehyun Kim*

* Department of Mathematics, UC Berkeley

Announcement

- First Quiz : Feb. 7 in DIS section. Covers Sec 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2.1 (HW #1).
- Each quiz will cover contents from two previous homeworks

Announcement

- Account Information
 - Username : !cmfmath128a
 - Password : c@1b3arsdivide

Brief Review

- Finite-digit arithmetic
 - Order does matter
 - Addition (rounding)
 - $(10 + 3.4) + 3.4 = 13 + 3.4 = 16$
 - $10 + (3.4 + 3.4) = 10 + 6.8 = 17$
 - Multiplication (chopping)
 - $(2.5 \times 3.7) \times 4.8 = 9.2 \times 4.8 = 44$
 - $2.5 \times (3.7 \times 4.8) = 2.5 \times 17 = 42$

Brief Review

- Error analysis
 - Error formula
 - Absolute error $|p - p^*|$
 - Relative error $\frac{|p-p^*|}{|p|}$
 - abs/rel error
 - Let approximate 2^{10} to 1000
 - Abs error : 24
 - Rel error : $24/1024 = 0.0234375 = 2.34375e-2$

Brief Review

- Rate of convergence

- $\{\alpha_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$, $|\alpha_n - \alpha| \leq K|\beta_n|$. Then this seq. converges with rate of convergence $O(\beta_n)$.
- Basically, the rate of convergence measures the convergence speed of a (well-known) seq.
- Ex $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos h) = 0$. How fast?

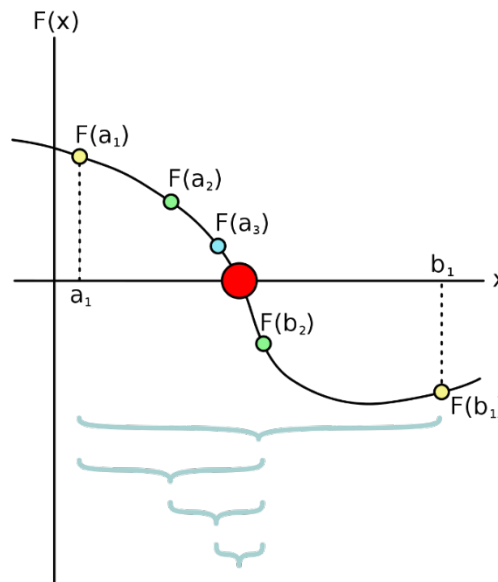
Brief Review

- $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} |1 - \cos h| = 0$
 - convergence is faster than $O(h^0)$
- $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{|1 - \cos h|}{|h|} = 0$
 - convergence is faster than $O(h^1)$
- $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{|1 - \cos h|}{|h^2|} = \frac{1}{2}$
 - Finally we have the rate of convergence $O(h^2)$

Brief Review

- Bisection method

- Based on the Intermediate value theorem
- half \rightarrow half \rightarrow ...
- Very slow, but reliable



Programming Exercises

- Goal
 - Define function
 - Use symbolic library
- Core
 - $f = @(t) t * \exp(t^2)$
 - `syms x`
 - `taylor`
 - `matlabFunction`
- Example case

15. Find the fourth Taylor polynomial $P_4(x)$ for the function $f(x) = xe^{x^2}$ about $x_0 = 0$.
 - a. Find an upper bound for $|f(x) - P_4(x)|$, for $0 \leq x \leq 0.4$.

Programming Exercises

- Goal

- Define function
- Use symbolic library

- Exercise

- $f(x) = 2x \cos 2x - (x - 2)^2, x_0 = 0$
 - Define function $f(x)$
 - Compute $f(0.4)$
 - Compute 4th order Taylor polynomial $P_4(x)$
 - Compute the error $|f(0.4) - P_4(0.4)|$