

An Introduction
to
"Exodromy beyond Conicality"

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joint with
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arxiv.org/abs/2401.12825

Monodromy

Monodromy V1 If X is a locally simply connected top space, then there is an equivalence of categories

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{LC}(X; \text{Set}) & \xrightarrow{\sim} & \text{Fun}(\Pi_1(X), \text{Set}) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ L & \xrightarrow{\quad} & [x_1 \longrightarrow L_{x_1}] \end{array}$$

locally constant
sheaves of sets on X

Monodromy V_∞ If X is a locally weakly contractible top space, then there is an equivalence of ∞ -categories

$$\text{LC}(X; \text{Spc}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Fun}(\underbrace{\Pi_\infty(X)}_{\text{underlying homotopy type / } \infty\text{-groupoid}}, \text{Spc})$$

∞ -category of spaces

Moreover, $\text{LC}(X; \text{Spc}) \subset \text{Sh}(X; \text{Spc})$ is closed under limits + colimits

Why sheaves of spaces?

> Spc is the **universal choice of coefficients**, and the result for sheaves of spaces implies the result for essentially arbitrary coefficients.

> For example, this implies that for a ring A ,

$$D_{lc}(X; A) \cong \text{Fun}(\Pi_\infty(X), D(A)).$$

↑ **locally constant cohomology sheaves**

> If you're not familiar with ∞ -categories, replace

$$\text{Spc} \rightsquigarrow \text{Set}$$

and the story should still be interesting.

Stratified Spaces

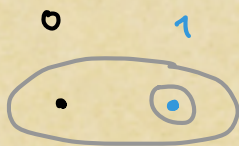
Def (P, \leq) poset

The Alexandroff topology on P has

$$[U \subset P \text{ open}] \iff [p \in U \text{ and } q > p \implies q \in U]$$

U is upwards closed

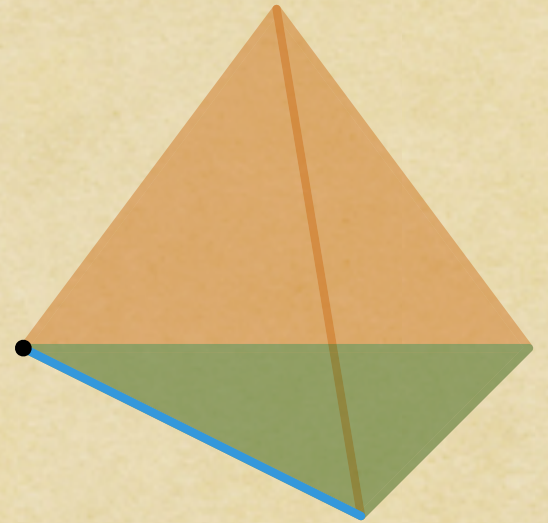
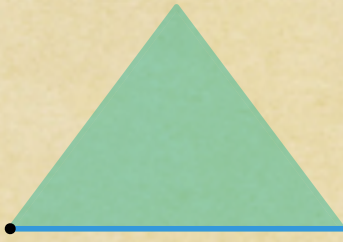
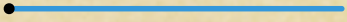
Ex $P = \{0 < 1 < \dots < n\}$



Def A P -stratification of a space X is a continuous map $s: X \rightarrow P$.

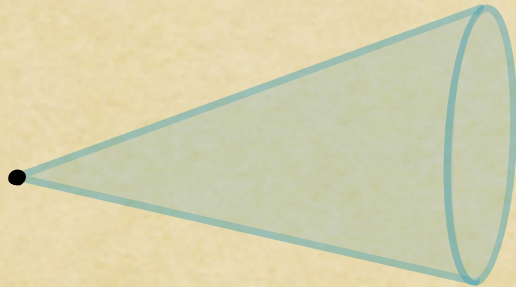
$\triangleright p \in P$, the p th-stratum of X is $X_p := s^{-1}(p)$.

Ex $|\Delta^n| \longrightarrow \{0 < \dots < n\}$



0 < 1 < 2 < 3

Ex Cone(S^1)



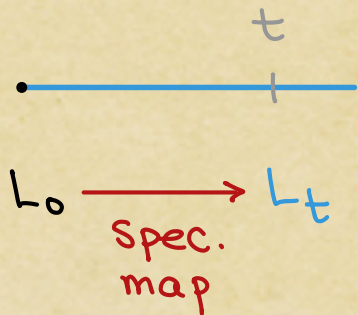
Constructible Sheaves

Def (X, \mathcal{P}) Stratified Space

A sheaf \mathcal{F} on X is \mathcal{P} -constructible if for each $p \in \mathcal{P}$, $\mathcal{F}|_{X_p}$ is locally constant.

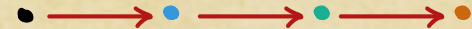
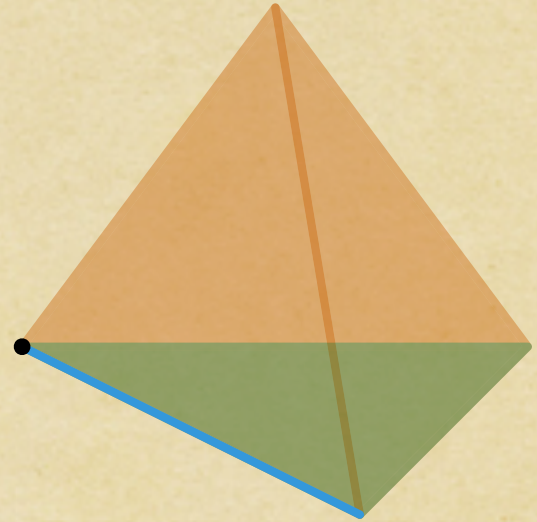
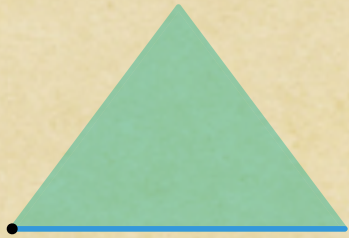
Ntn $\text{Consp}(X) \subset \text{Sh}(X)$

Q What are sheaves on $[0, 1]$ locally constant on $(0, 1]$?

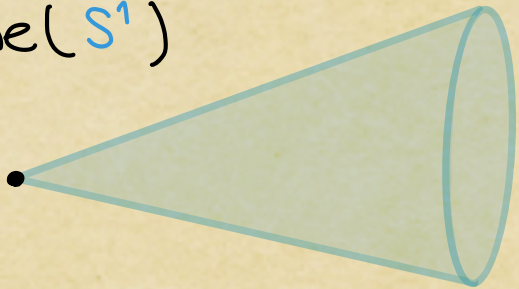


A $\text{Fun}(\bullet \rightarrow \bullet, \text{Spc})$

Other Examples



Cone(S^1)



V

$W \cong \mathbb{Z}$

map $V \rightarrow W^{\mathbb{Z}}$

Exodromy (MacPherson, Treumann, Lurie, Porta - Teyssier)

If $s: X \rightarrow P$ is a **conically** stratified space with lwc strata, then there is an ∞ -category

$\text{Exit}(X, P)$: the exit-path ∞ -category of (X, P)

along with an equivalence of ∞ -categories

$$\text{Consp}(X) \simeq \text{Fun}(\text{Exit}(X, P), \text{Spc}).$$

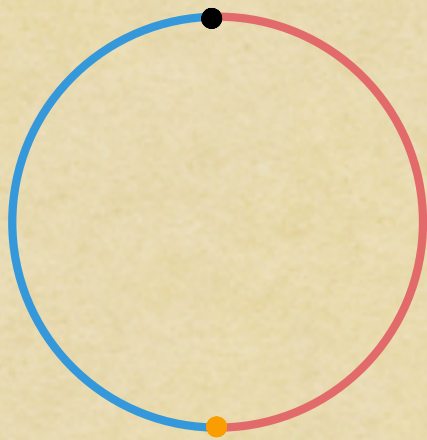
Moreover:

(1) $\text{Consp}(X) \subset \text{Sh}(X)$ is closed under limits & colimits.

(2) $s^*: \text{Fun}(P, \text{Spc}) \simeq \text{Sh}(P) \rightarrow \text{Sh}(X)$ preserves limits.

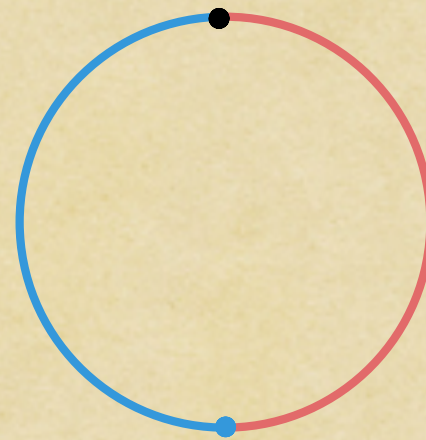
\iff induced by a functor $\text{Exit}(X, P) \rightarrow P$

A simple example



Conical

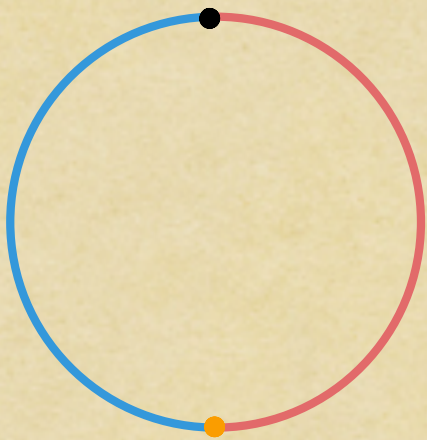
coarsen
→



NOT conical

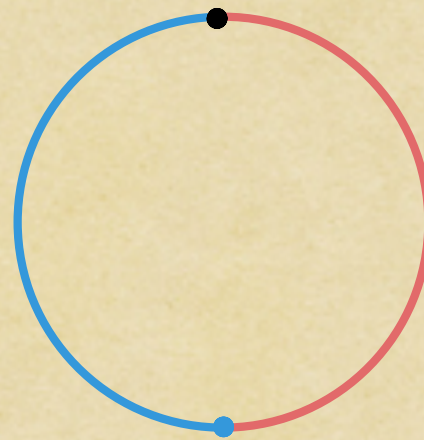
Audience Question

- (1) What is the exit-path category of the left StratSpace?
- (2) What should be the exit-path category of the right Strat Space?



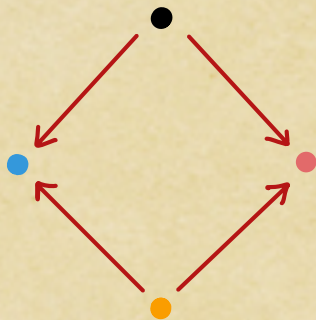
Conical

coarsen →



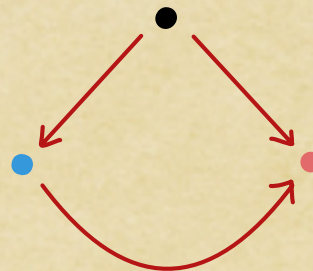
NOT conical

Answer



Exit-path category

invert →



Exit-path category
Should be

NOT
commuting

Key Idea

Make the conclusion of the exodromy theorem into a definition.

Don't rely on a particular geometric model of $\text{Exit}(x, P)$

[Ayala - Francis - Rozenblyum, Clausen - Ørsnes Jansen]

Atomic Generation

Q Given an ∞ -category \mathcal{C} , when is $\mathcal{C} \simeq \text{Psh}(\mathcal{C}_0)$?

↑
for some \mathcal{C}_0

Def \mathcal{C} ∞ -category with colimits

$c \in \mathcal{C}$ is **atomic** if $\text{Map}_{\mathcal{C}}(c, -) : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Spc}$ preserves colimits

> $\mathcal{C}^{\text{at}} \subset \mathcal{C}$ full subcat of atomic objects.

Ex By Yoneda, $\text{Psh}(\mathcal{C}_0)^{\text{at}} \simeq \mathcal{C}_0$.

Def An ∞ -category \mathcal{C} with colimits is **atomically generated**

if the unique colimit-preserving extension

$$\text{Psh}(\mathcal{C}^{\text{at}}) \longrightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

of $\mathcal{C}^{\text{at}} \subset \mathcal{C}$ is an equivalence.

Def A stratified space $s: X \rightarrow P$ is **exodromic** if:

(1) $\text{Consp}(X) \subset \text{Sh}(X)$ is closed under limits & colimits

(2) $\text{Consp}(X)$ is atomically generated.

(3) $s^*: \text{Fun}(P, \text{Spc}) \rightarrow \text{Sh}(X)$ preserves limits.

Write

$$\text{Exit}(X, P) := (\text{Consp}(X)^{\text{at}})^{\text{op}}.$$

Then by definition

$$\text{Consp}(X) \cong \text{Fun}(\text{Exit}(X, P), \text{Spc}).$$

The Stability Theorem

Thm (H.-Porta-Teyssier)

(1) Stability under pulling back to locally closed subposets

If (X, P) is exodromic and $S \subseteq P$ is locally closed, then $(X \times_p S, S)$ is exodromic and

$$\text{Exit}(X \times_p S, S) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Exit}(X, P) \times_p S.$$

$p < q < r$ and $p, r \in S$
 $\Rightarrow q \in S$

As a consequence, the induced functor

$$\text{Exit}(X, P) \longrightarrow P$$

is conservative.

(2) Functoriality $(X, P) \mapsto \text{Exit}(X, P)$ is functorial in all maps of exodromic stratified spaces.

The exodromy equivalence is functorial in all maps of exodromic stratified spaces.

(3) **Stability under coarsening** If (X, R) is exodromic, then for any map of posets $\phi: R \rightarrow P$, the stratified space (X, P) is exodromic.

Write W_P for those morphisms in $\text{Exit}(X, R)$ that

$$\text{Exit}(X, R) \longrightarrow R \xrightarrow{\phi} P$$

Sends to identities. Then

$$\text{Exit}(X, R)[W_P^{-1}] \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Exit}(X, P).$$

(4) **van Kampen** The property of being exodromic can be checked locally + colimit formula for $\text{Exit}(-, -)$.

(5) **Stability of finiteness/compactness** the property of an ∞ -category being finite/compact:

- > Can be checked on a finite cover
- > Is stable under pulling back to locally closed subsets
- > Is stable under coarsening

Methods We actually prove everything for **stratified ∞ -topoi**.

The results then apply to stratified top. stacks

Examples

Cor If (X, P) locally admits a refinement by a conical stratification with locally weakly contractible strata, then (X, P) is exodromic.

> Deep theorems of Thom, Mather, and Verdier show that such refinements are often available in geometric situations

Ex If (X, P) admits a refinement by a triangulation, then (X, P) is exodromic.

Thm If (X, P) is a real analytic manifold with a locally finite stratification by subanalytic subsets, then:

(1) (X, P) is exodromic

(2) X compact \implies $\text{Exit}(X, P)$ is finite

Thm If (X, P) is a stratification of the \mathbb{R} -points of an \mathbb{R} -variety by Zariski locally closed subsets, then:

(1) (X, P) is exodromic

(2) $\text{Exit}(X, P)$ is finite

Refine results of Lefschetz -
Whitehead, Łojasiewicz, & Hironaka

Applications

Application 1 (HPT) Representability results for derived moduli of constructible and perverse sheaves.

> Crucially uses the finiteness of exit-paths!

Application 2 (PT, using App 1) Hall algebras

Application 3 (PT, using App 1) A new approach to Stokes

data using exit-paths + representability of the derived moduli of Stokes data

> Their results generalize hard theorems of Sabbah.

Beautiful Computations

Ørsnes Jansen computed exit-path ∞ -categories for:

(1) Reductive Borel-Serre compactifications

(2) $\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{g,n}$ Stratified by stable genus g dual graphs
w/ n marked points
moduli of stable genus
 g nodal curves w/ n marked points