

MATH 54 – SOLUTION TO 10.2.11

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$$\begin{aligned} A_0 &= \frac{\int_{-2}^2 f(x) 1 dx}{\int_{-2}^2 1^2 dx} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\int_{-2}^0 1 dx + \int_0^2 x dx \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(2 + \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} (2 + 2) \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_m &= \frac{\int_{-2}^2 f(x) \cos\left(\frac{\pi m x}{2}\right) dx}{\int_{-2}^2 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi m x}{2}\right) dx} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_{-2}^0 \cos\left(\frac{\pi m x}{2}\right) dx + \int_0^2 x \cos\left(\frac{\pi m x}{2}\right) dx \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left[\frac{2}{\pi m} \sin\left(\frac{\pi m x}{2}\right) \right]_{-2}^0 + \left[\frac{2}{\pi m} x \sin\left(\frac{\pi m x}{2}\right) \right]_0^2 - \int_0^2 \frac{2}{\pi m} \sin\left(\frac{\pi m x}{2}\right) dx \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(0 + 0 - \frac{2}{\pi m} \left[-\frac{2}{\pi m} \cos\left(\frac{\pi m x}{2}\right) \right]_0^2 \right) \\ &= \frac{2}{(\pi m)^2} (\cos(\pi m) - \cos(0)) \\ &= \frac{2}{(\pi m)^2} ((-1)^m - 1) \end{aligned}$$

$B_0 = 0$ by convention.

$$\begin{aligned}
B_m &= \frac{\int_{-2}^2 f(x) \sin\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) dx}{\int_{-2}^2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) dx} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_{-2}^0 \sin\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) dx + \int_0^2 x \sin\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) dx \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left[-\frac{2}{\pi m} \cos\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) \right]_{-2}^0 + \left[-\frac{2}{\pi m} x \cos\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) \right]_0^2 + \int_0^2 \frac{2}{\pi m} \cos\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) dx \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2}{\pi m} + \frac{2}{\pi m} \cos(\pi m) - \frac{4}{\pi m} \cos(\pi m) + 0 + \left[\frac{4}{(\pi m)^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) \right]_0^2 \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2}{\pi m} + \frac{2}{\pi m} (-1)^m - \frac{4}{\pi m} (-1)^m + 0 - 0 \right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{\pi m} - \frac{(-1)^m}{\pi m} \\
&= \frac{1}{\pi m} (-1 + (-1)^{m+1})
\end{aligned}$$

It follows that:

$$f(x) \text{ " = " } 1 + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{(\pi m)^2} ((-1)^m - 1) \cos\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{\pi m} (-1 + (-1)^{m+1}) \sin\left(\frac{\pi mx}{2}\right) \right)$$