

MATH 54 – MOCK MIDTERM 2

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Name: _____

Instructions: This is a mock midterm, designed to give you extra practice for the actual midterm. Good luck!!!

1		30
2		20
3		10
4		15
5		20
6		15
Total		110

Date: Monday, October 24th, 2011.

1. (30 points, 5 pts each)

Label the following statements as **T** or **F**.

Make sure to **JUSTIFY YOUR ANSWERS!!!** You may use any facts from the book or from lecture.

(a) If $\mathcal{A} = \{\mathbf{a}_1, \mathbf{a}_2, \mathbf{a}_3\}$ and $\mathcal{D} = \{\mathbf{d}_1, \mathbf{d}_2, \mathbf{d}_3\}$ are bases for V , and P is the matrix whose i th column is $[\mathbf{d}_i]_{\mathcal{A}}$, then for all \mathbf{x} in V , we have $[\mathbf{x}]_{\mathcal{D}} = P [\mathbf{x}]_{\mathcal{A}}$

(b) A 3×3 matrix A with only one eigenvalue cannot be diagonalizable

(c) If \mathbf{v}_1 and \mathbf{v}_2 are 2 eigenvectors corresponding to 2 **different** eigenvalues λ_1 and λ_2 , then \mathbf{v}_1 and \mathbf{v}_2 are linearly independent!

(d) If a matrix A has orthogonal columns, then it is an orthogonal matrix.

(e) For every subspace W and every vector \mathbf{y} , $\mathbf{y} - Proj_W \mathbf{y}$ is orthogonal to $Proj_W \mathbf{y}$ (proof by picture is ok here)

(f) If \mathbf{y} is already in W , then $Proj_W \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{y}$

2. (20 points) Find a diagonal matrix D and an invertible matrix P such that $A = PDP^{-1}$, where:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -6 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. (10 points) Define $T : P_3 \rightarrow P_3$ by:

$$T(p(t)) = tp''(t) - 2p'(t)$$

Find the matrix A of T relative to the basis $\mathcal{B} = \{1, t, t^2, t^3\}$ of P_3

4. (15 points) Let $\mathcal{B} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$, $\mathcal{C} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$.

(a) Find the change-of-coordinates matrix from \mathcal{B} to \mathcal{C}

(b) Find $[\mathbf{x}]_{\mathcal{C}}$, where $[\mathbf{x}]_{\mathcal{B}} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$

5. (20 points, 10 points each)

(a) Find a basis for $Row(A)$ and $Col(A)$, where:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 6 & 2 & 5 \\ -2 & 3 & -3 & -3 & -4 \\ 4 & -6 & 9 & 5 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 3 & -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) What is $Rank(A)$? What is $Dim(Nul(A))$?

6. (15 points)

- (a) Find an invertible matrix P and a matrix C of the form $\begin{bmatrix} a & -b \\ b & a \end{bmatrix}$ such that $A = PCP^{-1}$, where:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) Write C as a composition of a rotation and a scaling.