

Name: _____

SID: _____

Instructions :

1. You have 80 minutes, 11:10am-12:30pm.
2. No books, notes, or other outside materials are allowed.
3. There are 5 questions on the exam. Each question is worth 10 points.
4. You need to show all of your work and justify all statements. If you need more space, use the pages at the back of the exam or come get more paper at the front of the class. If you do so, please indicate which page your solution continues on.
5. Before you begin, take a quick look at all the questions on the exam, and start with the one you feel the most comfortable solving. It is more important to do the problems well that you know how to do, than it is to finish the whole exam.
6. While attempting any problem, do write something even if you are unable to solve it completely. You may get partial credit.

(Do not fill these in; they are for grading purposes only.)

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
Total	

1. a) (5 pts) Prove that $(0, 1] \subset \mathbb{R}$ is neither open nor closed.

- b) (5 pts) Let $r \in \mathbb{R}$. Use the denseness of \mathbb{Q} to prove that there exists a sequence (s_n) such that $s_n \in \mathbb{Q}$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and $s_n \rightarrow r$.

2. (10 pts) For all $n \in \mathbb{N}$, define $s_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ if n is odd and $s_n = \frac{n}{n^2-1}$ if n is even.

Find the limit of the sequence (s_n) . Prove that (s_n) converges to your answer.

3. For all $n \in \mathbb{N}$, define $t_n = 2$ if n is odd and $t_n = 2^{-n}$ if n is even.
- a) (8 pts) Find $\limsup t_n$ and $\liminf t_n$. Prove your answer.
 - b) (2 pts) Does (t_n) converge? Prove your answer.

4. (10 pts) Define $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $g(x) = x$ if $x \leq 2$ and $g(x) = x^2$ if $x > 2$. Prove that g is not continuous.

5. Define $f : [1, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$.

a) (4 pts) Prove that f is uniformly continuous.

b) (4 pts) Find a sequence (x_n) in $(0, \infty)$ such that (x_n) is Cauchy but $\left(\frac{1}{x_n^2}\right)$ is not Cauchy. Prove your answer.

c) (2 pts) Prove that $f : (0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ is not uniformly continuous.

