

1. (8 pts each part) (a) Express

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{2^x - 8}{x - 3}$$

as the derivative $f'(a)$ of some function $f(x)$ at some number a .

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{2^x - 8}{x - 3} = f'(3) \quad \text{for} \quad f(x) = 2^x$$

(b) Evaluate it.

$$f'(x) = 2^x \ln(2)$$

$$f'(3) = 8 \ln(2)$$

2. (14 pts) Differentiate $\tan^{-1}(\sqrt{4x+1})$.

$$\frac{1}{(\sqrt{4x+1})^2 + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{4x+1}} \cdot 4 = \frac{1}{(2x+1)\sqrt{4x+1}}$$

3. (14 pts) Differentiate $(x+1)^{x/2}$.

$$\text{With } f(x) = (x+1)^{x/2}, \quad \ln f(x) = \frac{x}{2} \ln(x+1)$$

$$(\ln f(x))' = \frac{1}{2} \ln(x+1) + \frac{x}{2(x+1)}$$

$$f'(x) = f(x) (\ln f(x))' = (x+1)^{x/2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \ln(x+1) + \frac{x}{2(x+1)} \right)$$

4. (14 pts) Find the point (x, y) where the graph of

$$y = xe^{-x}$$

has a horizontal tangent line.

We want $y' = 0$.

$$y' = e^{-x} + xe^{-x}(-1) = (1-x)e^{-x},$$

$$\text{so } y' = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1, \quad y = 1e^{-1} = \frac{1}{e}$$

5. (14 pts) If $e^{xy} = y$, find an expression for dy/dx in terms of x and y .

$$e^{xy} = y$$

\Downarrow

$$e^{xy} (y + xy') = y'$$

$$(1 - xe^{xy})y' = ye^{xy}$$

$$y' = \frac{ye^{xy}}{1 - xe^{xy}}, \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{y}{e^{-xy} - x},$$

$$\text{or} \quad \frac{y^2}{1 - xy}, \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{y}{\frac{1}{y} - x}$$

(these are all equal)

6. (14 pts) The pressure P , volume V and temperature T of a gas are related by

$$PV = KT,$$

where K is a constant. If the pressure, volume and temperature are functions of time t , find dT/dt when $P = 50 \text{ N/cm}^2$, $V = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$, $T = 300 \text{ K}$, $dP/dt = 10 \text{ N/cm}^2\text{s}$ and $dV/dt = -50 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$.

$$\text{Since } 50 \cdot 1000 = K \cdot 300, \quad K = \frac{500}{3}.$$

$$\text{Now } P \frac{dV}{dt} + V \frac{dP}{dt} = K \frac{dT}{dt}$$

$$50(-50) + 1000(10) = \frac{500}{3} \frac{dT}{dt}$$

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$$\frac{dT}{dt} = \frac{7500 \cdot 3}{500} = 15 \cdot 3 = 45 \text{ K/s}$$

7. (14 pts) Use a linear approximation or differentials to approximate $\sqrt[4]{80}$. Hint: $3^4 = 81$.

$$\text{Let } f(x) = x^{1/4}, \quad a = 81.$$

$$\text{Then } f(a) = 3$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{4} x^{-3/4}$$

$$f'(a) = \frac{1}{4 \cdot 3^3} = \frac{1}{4 \cdot 27}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[4]{80} &\approx f(81) + f'(81)(80-81) \\ &= 3 + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 27}(-1) = 3 - \frac{1}{4 \cdot 27} = 3 - \frac{1}{108} = \frac{323}{108} \end{aligned}$$