Prof. Haiman

Math 1A—Calculus

Fall, 2006

Quiz 7 solutions—version B

Name _____

Student ID Number _____

1. For the function $f(x) = x^3 - x + 1$, state what value of f'(c) is guaranteed by the Mean Value Theorem to occur for some c in the interval [0,2], and find a c for which this value occurs.

Since f(x) is differentiable on [0, 2], the MVT guarantees the existence of a point c in this interval where f'(c) = (f(2) - f(0))/2 = 3. Compute $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 1$, and solve $3c^2 - 1 = 3$ to get $c = 2/\sqrt{3}$.

2. Find the maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x) = x^3 - 12x$ on the interval [-3, 3].

The derivative is $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 12 = 3(x^2 - 4)$, giving critical points at $x = \pm 2$. Evaluating at the endpoints and the critical points,

$$f(-3) = 9$$

$$f(-2) = 16$$

$$f(2) = -16$$

$$f(3) = -9.$$

The minimum is f(2) = -16, and the maximum is f(-2) = 16.