## Groupwork I: Exploring the Monkey Saddle

My favorite function of two variables is called the monkey saddle. It is given by the following function:

$$
f(x, y)=x\left(x^{2}-3 y^{2}\right)
$$

Find the $f(x, y)=0$. From this information, start to make a contour plot: Which areas of the contour are bigger than 0 ? Which areas of the contour are smaller?

Once you have finished this, consult with your teammates on why this surface is called the Monkey Saddle.

## Groupwork II: Exploring the Monkey Saddle

My favorite function of two variables is called the monkey saddle. It is given by the following function:

$$
f(x, y)=x\left(x^{2}-3 y^{2}\right)
$$

Find the intersection of the surface given by this graph with the $x z$ plane.

Once you have finished this, consult with your teammates on why this surface is called the Monkey Saddle.

## Groupwork III: Exploring the Monkey Saddle

My favorite function of two variables is called the monkey saddle. It is given by the following function:

$$
f(x, y)=x\left(x^{2}-3 y^{2}\right)
$$

Show that this has 3-way symmetry about the origin. Show that if $x=r \cos \theta$ and $y=r \sin \theta$, then $f(x, y)=r^{3} \cos (3 \theta)$. Conclude that the Monkey Saddle graph has 3 fold symmetry around the origin by rotation.

Once you have finished this, consult with your teammates on why this surface is called the Monkey Saddle.

