

MATH N55 HOMEWORK 7
DUE TUESDAY, JULY 23RD

Do the following problems in Rosen.

Section 6.2: 12, 18

Section 6.3: 23, 43

Section 6.4: 26, 28, 32

Section 6.5: 9, 20, 25

CHALLENGE (NOT TO BE HANDED IN)

Let $F(n, k)$ be the number of surjections $f : \{1, \dots, n\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, k\}$. We showed in class that this is $k! \cdot S(n, k)$. This exercise will develop a different way to compute it.

- (1) Let n, m be fixed natural numbers. Give a *combinatorial proof* of the following identity:

$$\sum_{k=0}^m \binom{m}{k} F(n, k) 2^{m-k} = \sum_{j=0}^m \binom{m}{j} j^n$$

- (2) Adjust this argument to show that

$$F(n, m) = \sum_{j=0}^m (-1)^{m-j} \binom{m}{j} j^n.$$

Possible hint: The 2^{m-k} from before probably counted subsets of some set with $m - k$ elements. What if instead you counted the difference between even and odd subsets?