

Math 55 Section Worksheet

GSI: Jeremy Meza

Office Hours: Wed 10am-12pm, Evans 775

March 12, 2018

1 Warm-Up

Try to recall the following concepts *without* looking at your notes.

- (a) What is the *stars and bars* argument? What do the stars represent? What do the bars represent? What is the formula? Can you think of an example in which to use this counting method?
- (b) What is a *sample space*? What is an *event*?
- (c) Let E_1, E_2 be events in a sample space S . Do you remember a formula for $p(E_1 \cup E_2)$?

2 Let's (probabilistically) Count!

- 1. How many positive integers less than 1,000,000 have exactly one digit equal to 9 and have a sum of digits equal to 13?
- 2. What is the probability that a card selected at random from a standard deck of 52 cards is an ace or a heart?
- 3. In poker, a 3-of-a-kind consists of 3 cards of the same rank and 2 cards of two other ranks. A 2-pair consists of 2 cards of the same rank, 2 cards of another rank, and 1 card of a third rank. What is the probability that in a 5 card hand, you get a 3-of-a-kind? What is the probability that you get a 2-pair?
- 4. I flip a coin 10 times. The first 9 times come up heads. What is the probability that the 10th flip is a head?
- 5. Find the probability of winning a lottery by selecting the correct six integers, where the order in which these integers are selected does not matter, from the positive integers not exceeding 50.
- 6. Which is more likely: rolling a total of 8 when two dice are rolled or rolling a total of 8 when three dice are rolled?
- 7. Find someone in this class. Explain to them the Monty Hall problem and why it's advantageous to switch doors when prompted.

3 Bonus

The following is called the *twelvefold way* in combinatorics. Let X, N be finite sets of size x, n , respectively. Below, “in/distinguishable” means that the elements of the set either can or cannot be distinguished from each other. They are still distinct elements, there just might not be a difference between them. (think k different-brand candies versus k candies all of the same brand). Try to fill out the marked entries of the table:

	# of $f : N \rightarrow X$	# of injective $f : N \rightarrow X$	# of surjective $f : N \rightarrow X$
N distinguishable X distinguishable	(a)	(b)	
N indistinguishable X distinguishable	(c)	(d)	(e)
N distinguishable X indistinguishable		(f)	
N indistinguishable X indistinguishable		(g)	

Bonus: Try to fill out the remainder of the table.