Math 55 Worksheet 11

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1 Warm-up

- 1. What is the coefficient of x^6y^3 in the expansion of $(-3x+2y)^9$?
- 2. How many different strings can be made from the letters in MISSISSIPPI, using all the letters?

2 Problems

1. Let $n \in \mathbb{Z}_+$. Prove by a combinatorial argument that

$$\binom{2n}{2} = 2\binom{n}{2} + n^2$$

2. Let $n, k \in \mathbb{Z}_+$. Prove by a combinatorial argument that

$$k\binom{n}{k} = n\binom{n-1}{k-1}$$

- 3. How many ways can I give 3 distinct candies to 5 children? (some children may receive none and some may receive more than 1)
- 4. How many ways can I give 3 distinct candies to 5 children if no child is allowed more than 1 candy?
- 5. How many ways can I give 3 indistinguishable candies to 5 children if no child is allowed more than 1 candy?
- 6. How many ways can I give 3 indistinguishable candies to 5 children, if children are allowed more than 1 piece of candy?
- 7. How many ways are there to choose a dozen donuts from the 24 varieties at Kingpin Donuts?
- 8. How many solutions are there to the equality $x_1 + \cdots + x_k = n$, where $x_i, n \in \mathbb{N}$?

- 9. Count the number of 6 card hands dealt from a standard deck of 52 cards that have at least one card in every suit.
- 10. A lattice path to (a,b) is a walk starting at the origin and ending at (a,b) where at each step you are allowed to move one unit north or one unit east.
 - (a) How many lattice paths are there to (2n, 2n)?
 - (b) How many lattice paths are there to (2n, 2n) that go through (n, n)?
- 11. How many solutions are there to the inequality $x_1 + \cdots + x_k \le n$?
- 12. How many ways can n books be placed on k distinguishable shelves
 - (a) if the books are indistinguishable copies of the same title?
 - (b) if no two books are the same, and the positions of the books on the shelves matter?

3 Bonus

The following is called the *twelvefold way* in combinatorics. Let X, N be finite sets of size x, n, respectively. Below, "indistinguishable" means that the elements of the set are still distinct elements, but that there just might not be a difference between them. For example, indistinguishable elements could be k candies all of the same brand, whereas distinguishable elements could be k different-brand candies. Try to fill out the marked entries of the table:

	$\# \text{ of } f: N \to X$	# of injective $f: N \to X$	\mid # of surjective $f: N \to X$
N distinguishable	(a)	(b)	
X distinguishable			
N indistinguishable	(c)	(d)	(e)
X distinguishable			
N distinguishable		(f)	
X indistinguishable			
N indistinguishable		(g)	
X indistinguishable			

Bonus: Try to fill out the remainder of the table.