# Math 54 Section Worksheet 7 <br> GSI: Jeremy Meza <br> Office Hours: Tues 10am-12pm, Evans 1047 <br> September 20, 2018 

## 1 Green Problems

1. (4.6 \# 10). If the null space of a $7 \times 6$ matrix $A$ is 5 -dimensional, what is the dimension of the column space of $A$ ?
2. (4.6 \# 11). If the null space of an $8 \times 5$ matrix $A$ is 2 -dimensional, what is the dimension of the row space of $A$ ?
3. (4.6 \# 12). If the null space of a $5 \times 6 A$ is 4 -dimensional, what is the dimension of the row space of $A$ ?
4. (4.6 \# 13). If $A$ is a $7 \times 5$ matrix, what is the largest possible rank of $A$ ? If $A$ is a $5 \times 7$ matrix, what is the largest possible rank of $A$ ? Explain.
5. (4.6 \# 14). If $A$ is a $4 \times 3$ matrix, what is the largest possible dimension of the row space of $A$ ? If $A$ is a $3 \times 4$ matrix, what is the largest possible dimension of the row space of $A$ ? Explain.
6. (4.6 \# 15). If $A$ is $6 \times 8$ matrix, what is the smallest possible dimension of Nul $A$ ?
7. (3.2\#27). True or False.
(a) A row replacement operation does not affect the determinant of a matrix.
(b) The determinant of $A$ is the product of the pivots in any echelon form $U$ of $A$, multiplies by $(-1)^{r}$, where $r$ is the number of row interchanges made during row reduction from $A$ to $U$.
(c) If the columns of $A$ are linearly dependent, then $\operatorname{det} A=0$.
(d) $\operatorname{det}(A+B)=\operatorname{det} A+\operatorname{det} B$.
8. (3.2 \#28). True or False.
(a) If three row interchanges are made in succession, then the new determinant equals the old determinant.
(b) The determinant of $A$ is the product of the diagonal entries in $A$.
(c) If $\operatorname{det} A$ is zero, then two rows or two columns are the same, or a row or column is zero.
(d) $\operatorname{det} A^{-1}=-\operatorname{det} A$.

## 2 Extra Problems

9. Let $\mathcal{B}=\left\{b_{1}, b_{2}\right\}$ and $\mathcal{C}=\left\{c_{1}, c_{2}\right\}$. Find the change of coordinate matrix from $\mathcal{B}$ to $\mathcal{C}$.

$$
b_{1}=\binom{7}{5} \quad b_{2}=\binom{-3}{-1} \quad c_{1}=\binom{1}{-5} \quad c_{2}=\binom{-2}{2}
$$

10. Let $A$ be a $p \times q$ matrix. Which of the subspaces $\operatorname{Row} A, \operatorname{Col} A, \operatorname{Nul} A, \operatorname{Row} A^{T}, \operatorname{Col} A^{T}$ and $\operatorname{Nul} A^{T}$ are in $\mathbb{R}^{p}$ and which are in $\mathbb{R}^{q}$ ? How many distinct subspaces are in this list?

## 3 Challenge

11. Show that the space $C(\mathbb{R})$ of all continuous functions defined on the real line is an infinite dimensional space.
