## Math 55: Midterm 2

Friday, July 17

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (2 points each) Evaluate:

(a) 
$$\prod_{i=1}^{3} \sum_{j=1}^{2} (j+1)$$

 $\text{(b)} \sum_{\substack{d \ge 0 \\ d \mid 15}} d$ 

(c) 
$$\sum_{1 \le i \le j \le 3} j$$

- 2. (1 point each) Compute:
  - (a)  $157 \cdot 15 \mod 7$
  - (b)  $369 \cdot 377 \mod 373$
  - (c)  $2^{364} \mod 7$
  - (d)  $38^{38} \mod 3$
- 3. True or False:  $(\exists x \in \mathbb{Z})(\forall y, z \in \mathbb{Z})(13y + 40z \neq x)$ . (1 point for answer, 2 for explanation)

- 4. (3, 3, and 2 points)
  - (a) Use the Euclidean Algorithm to find the greatest common divisor of 120 and 35.

(b) Find any two integers x and y so that  $120x + 35y = \gcd(120, 35)$ .

(c) Find the least common multiple of 120 and 35.

- 5. (5 points) Prove that the following system of congruences has no integer solution:
  - $x \equiv 5 \pmod{30}$
  - $x \equiv 11 \pmod{12}$
  - $x \equiv 7 \pmod{15}$

- 6. Define the Fibonacci sequence by  $f_0=0,$   $f_1=1,$  and  $f_{n+1}=f_n+f_{n-1}$  for  $n\geq 1.$  Define the Lucas sequence by  $l_0=2,$   $l_1=1,$  and  $l_{n+1}=l_n+l_{n-1}$  for  $n\geq 1.$ 
  - (a) (2 points) Find  $l_6$ .

(b) (6 points) Prove that  $l_n + l_{n+2} = 5f_{n+1}$  for all  $n \ge 0$ .

7. (6 points) Prove that if a|m and b|n then ab|mn.

8. (4 points) Find all solutions to  $x^2 + 4x \equiv 15 \pmod{19}$  with  $0 \le x < 19$ .

9. (3 points) Find all solutions to  $x^2 \equiv 35 \pmod{65}$  with  $0 \le x < 65$ .

10. (3 points) Let a = 5k + 8 and let b = 4k + 3 for some integer k. Show that gcd(a, b) is either 1 or 17.