# 15.2-3: Recap 

Monday, March 28

## Optimization

Find the point(s) in the region $\left\{(x, y): x^{2} \leq y \leq 4\right\} \ldots$

1. closest to the point $(0,1)$.
2. closest to the point $(3,0)$.
3. furthest from the origin.

## Order of Integration

Set up a polar double integral in $(r, \theta)$ to find the volume of a cone of height $h$ and radius $R$. If you integrate over $r$ first, what does the remaining 1-dimensional integral represent? What if you integrate over $\theta$ first? Make some sketches.

## Double Integrals

Sketch each given domain and set up an appropriate double integral $\iint_{D} f(x, y)$ on the domain. Then find the integral.

1. $D=\left\{(x, y): x^{2}+y^{2} \leq 1, y \leq x\right\}, f(x, y)=e^{x^{2}+y^{2}}$
2. $D=\left\{(x, y): x-5 \leq y \leq 1-x^{2}\right\}, f(x, y)=x-2 y$
3. $D=\left\{(x, y): 2 y^{2} \leq x \leq 1+y^{2}\right\}, f(x, y)=x y-1$
4. Given a cone of uniform density with radius $R$ and height $h$, find the smallest $r$ such that at least half of the cone's mass is within distance $r$ of its axis of symmetry.
