

Math 54 Midterm 1

July 9, 2019

50 Minutes

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1. Solve the following system of linear equations in four variables

$$\begin{cases} -2x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 + x_4 = 7 \\ x_2 = 1 \\ -4x_1 - 2x_3 + x_4 = 7 \\ -2x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = 5 \end{cases}$$

2. For each linear system below, determine if each solution set is a point, a line, a plane, \mathbb{R}^3 , or if there is no solution. You do not need to justify your answer.

(a)

$$x + y + z = 0$$

(b)

$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 2 \\ 2x + 2y + 2z = 4 \end{cases}$$

(c)

$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 0 \\ x + y = -1 \end{cases}$$

(d)

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 9y - 10z = 2 \\ -3x - 6y + 7z = 0 \\ x + 5y + 5z = -1 \end{cases}$$

3. Multiply the matrices

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

4. (a) Write down a linear map (or a matrix representing that map) from \mathbb{R}^5 to \mathbb{R}^5 whose image is a plane.
- (b) Write down a linear map (or a matrix representing that map) from \mathbb{R}^5 to \mathbb{R}^5 whose image is a point.

5. Let

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

write down a vector in \mathbb{R}^3 not in the span of \mathbf{v}_1 and \mathbf{v}_2 and justify your answer.

6. For each set of vectors, determine if it is linearly independent or linearly dependent. Justify your answers.

(a)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

7. Consider the following two planes:

$$\begin{pmatrix} t \\ s \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} t + s \\ s + 1 \\ t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t \\ s \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} 2s \\ s - t - 1 \\ t + s \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Are either of the planes linear subspaces of \mathbb{R}^3 ? Comment briefly.
- (b) Do the planes intersect? If so, parametrize the line they intersect in.

8. (a) Suppose $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ is defined by

$$f \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ x \end{pmatrix}$$

Is f surjective? Injective?

(b) Suppose $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ is defined by

$$f \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x + y \\ x - y \end{pmatrix}$$

is f surjective? Injective?

