Problem 1. (Discussion.) In your own words, what is a vector, and what are its properties?¹

Problem 2. If u and v are vectors of lengths 2 and 3 respectively, what are the largest and smallest possible values of $u \cdot v$? Draw pictures of both situations.

Problem 3. The following are true for vectors $u, v \in \mathbb{R}^3$:

 $u \cdot v = |u||v|\cos\theta$

 $|u \times v| = |u||v|\sin\theta$

where θ is the angle between u and v.

- Given u and v, what's the easiest way to compute θ ?
- What can you say if $u \cdot v$ is almost as large as or equal to |u||v|? When it is almost as negatively large or equal to -|u||v|? When it is zero?
- What can you say when $|u \times v|$ is almost as large as or equal to $|u||v|\sin\theta$? When it is zero?

¹If you respond, "a vector is an element of a vector space," you will be punished severely.