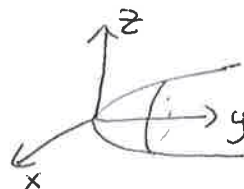


Practice Problems: Surface area for parametric surfaces

1) What surface has vector equation $\vec{r}(s, t) = \langle s \sin(2t), s^2, s \cos(2t) \rangle$? (Find an equation that the coordinates satisfy.)

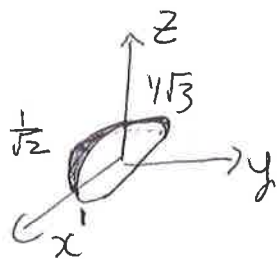
$$x^2 + z^2 = y \Rightarrow \text{paraboloid along } y\text{-axis}$$



whole paraboloid traced out as s and t vary

2) Find a parametric representation for the part of the ellipsoid $x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 = 1$ that lies to the left of the xz -plane. (This is analogous to finding a parametric curve description of the ellipse, but now in 3D we need two angular coordinates.)

Use ϕ and θ but scale lengths!



$$\left. \begin{aligned} x(\phi, \theta) &= \sin \phi \cos \theta \\ y(\phi, \theta) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \phi \sin \theta \\ z(\phi, \theta) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cos \phi \end{aligned} \right\} \text{check this satisfies } x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 = 1$$

$$0 \leq \phi \leq \pi, \pi \leq \theta \leq 2\pi \leftarrow \text{only want part on left}$$

3) Find the area of the surface with parametric equations $x = u^2, y = uv, z = \frac{1}{2}v^2$ for $0 \leq u \leq 1$ and $0 \leq v \leq 2$.

① $\vec{r}(u, v) = \langle u^2, uv, \frac{1}{2}v^2 \rangle, 0 \leq u \leq 1, 0 \leq v \leq 2$

② surface area so integrand is 1: $\iint_S dS$

③ $dS = |\vec{r}_u \times \vec{r}_v| du dv = \sqrt{(2u^2)^2 + (v^2)^2 + 4(uv)^2} \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2u & v & 0 \\ 0 & u & v \end{vmatrix} = \langle v^2, -2uv, 2u^2 \rangle$

④ $\int_0^2 \int_0^1 \sqrt{4u^4 + v^4 + 4u^2v^2} du dv$

$= (2u^2 + v^2)^2$

$= \int_0^2 \int_0^1 2u^2 + v^2 du dv$

$= \boxed{4}$

ignore this part

~~Coord change $u = r \cos \theta$
 $v = 2r \sin \theta$
 $du dv = \left| \frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(r, \theta)} \right| dr d\theta$
 $= \left| \det \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -r \sin \theta \\ 2 \sin \theta & 2r \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \right| dr d\theta$
 $= 2r dr d\theta$ but square in polars hard...~~

4) Set up the integral for finding the area of the part of the surface $y = 4x + z^2$ that lies between the planes $x = 0, x = 1, z = 0, z = 1$.

① $y = f(x, z) = 4x + z^2$
 $\vec{r}(x, z) = \langle x, f(x, z), z \rangle$
 $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq z \leq 1$

② integrate 1 for area

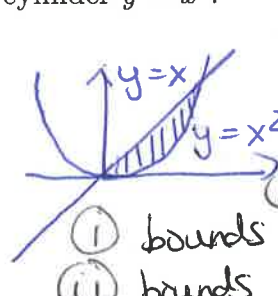
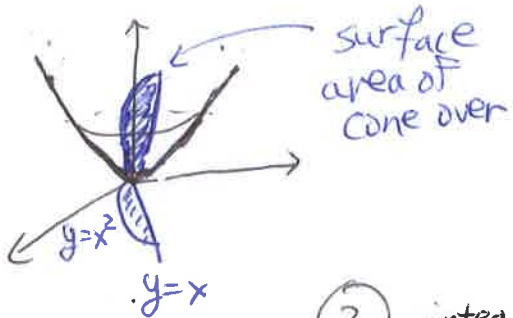
③ $dS = |\vec{r}_x \times \vec{r}_z| dx dz = \sqrt{1 + f_x^2 + f_z^2} dx dz$
 here $f = 4x + z^2$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 1 & f_x & 0 \\ 0 & f_z & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \langle f_x, -1, f_z \rangle$$

$$dS = \sqrt{1 + 4^2 + 4z^2} dx dz$$

$$\textcircled{4} \iint_S dS = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \sqrt{17 + 4z^2} dx dz$$

5) Set up the integral for the surface area of the part of the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ that lies between the plane $y = x$ and the cylinder $y = x^2$.



① Parametrize, e.g.

① $\vec{r}(x, y) = \langle x, y, \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \rangle$ or
 ii) $\vec{r}(r, \theta) = \langle r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, r \rangle$
 (i) bounds $0 \leq x \leq 1, x^2 \leq y \leq x$
 (ii) bounds $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/4, 0 \leq r \leq \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos^2 \theta}$

② integrate 1

③ (i) $dS = \sqrt{1 + f_x^2 + f_y^2} dx dy = \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x^2 + y^2}} dx dy = \sqrt{2} dx dy$

(ii) $dS = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ r \cos \theta & r \sin \theta & r \\ -r \sin \theta & r \cos \theta & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \langle -r \cos \theta, -r \sin \theta, r \rangle \Rightarrow dS = \sqrt{2} r dr d\theta$

④ integrate (i) or (ii), $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{2}$

1) paraboloid along y-axis. 2) $(\sin \phi \cos \theta, \frac{1}{2} \sin \phi \sin \theta, \frac{1}{3} \cos \phi), 0 \leq \phi \leq \pi, \pi \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$.

3) 4) $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \sqrt{17 + 4z^2} dx dz = \int_0^1 \sqrt{17 + 4z^2} dz$. 5) Parametrize as graph of a function over region bounded by $y = x$ and $y = x^2$ in xy -plane.