

# Worksheet 18: Maxima, Minima, & Hyperbolic Trig

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1. Find the derivative:

(a)  $f(x) = \tanh(1 + e^{2x})$

(b)  $g(x) = \sinh(\cosh(x))$

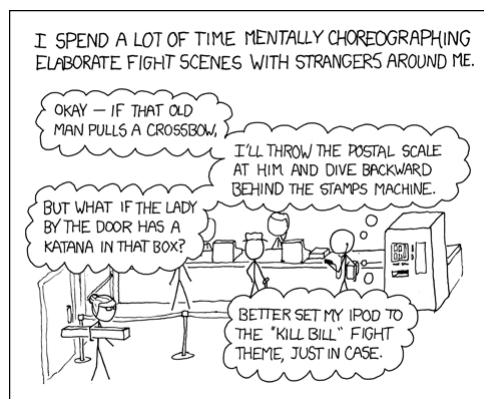
(c)  $y = \operatorname{sech}^{-1}(e^{-x})$

2. What does the extreme value theorem say?

3. What does Fermat's theorem say?

4. (★) Does the converse (reverse the 'if' and 'then' portions) of Fermat's theorem hold? If not, provide a counterexample. If so, explain why.

5. Based on the last three problems, what kinds of points do we need to check in order to find an absolute minimum or maximum?



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6. Sketch the following functions by hand and label the local minima, local maxima, and absolute minimum and maximum:

(a)  $f(x) = x^2, x \geq 1$

(b)  $g(\theta) = \frac{1}{\theta}, 1 \leq x \leq 3$

(c)  $y = e^x$

7. List the values you would need to check in order to find all the local minima and maxima:

(a)  $f(t) = 2t^3 + t^2 + 2t$

(b)  $h(p) = \frac{p-1}{p^2+4}$

8. Find the absolute maximum and minimum of the function on the given interval.

(a)  $f(x) = 5 + 54x - 2x^3, [0, 4]$

(b)  $h(y) = (y^2 - 1)^3, [-1, 2]$