

## Vectors and Existence of Linear System Solutions

Let a linear system ( $m$  equations in  $n$  variables) have augmented

matrix

$$\left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} & b_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} & b_2 \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \dots & a_{mn} & b_m \end{array} \right) = \left( \underbrace{\underline{a}_1 \ \underline{a}_2 \ \dots \ \underline{a}_n}_{\text{Coefficient matrix } A} \mid \underline{b} \right)$$

$\swarrow$  vector notation  $\swarrow$  vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^m$   
 $\searrow$

### Important Observation

$$\underline{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} \text{ a solution of linear system } (A \mid \underline{b})$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{l} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \dots + a_{1n}x_n = b_1 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \dots + a_{2n}x_n = b_2 \\ \vdots \\ a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \dots + a_{mn}x_n = b_m \end{array}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x_1 \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} \\ a_{21} \\ \vdots \\ a_{m1} \end{pmatrix} + x_2 \begin{pmatrix} a_{12} \\ a_{22} \\ \vdots \\ a_{m2} \end{pmatrix} + \dots + x_n \begin{pmatrix} a_{1n} \\ a_{2n} \\ \vdots \\ a_{mn} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{\underline{a}_1} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{\underline{a}_2} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{\underline{a}_n} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{\underline{b}}$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{b} \text{ in Span } (\underline{a}_1, \underline{a}_2, \dots, \underline{a}_n)$$

Matrix Equation notation : If  $A = (\underline{a}_1 \ \dots \ \underline{a}_n)$  (Say  $A$  is  $m \times n$  matrix)

and  $\underline{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  then

$$A \underline{x} := x_1 \underline{a}_1 + x_2 \underline{a}_2 + \dots + x_n \underline{a}_n$$

$\swarrow$  linear combination in  $\mathbb{R}^m$ .

$\swarrow$  each column vector in  $\mathbb{R}^m$

## Conclusion

The linear system

$(A|\underline{b})$  admits a solution

$$\Leftrightarrow A\underline{x} = \underline{b} \text{ for some } \underline{x} \text{ in } \mathbb{R}^n \Leftrightarrow \underline{b} \text{ in } \text{Span}(\underline{a}_1, \dots, \underline{a}_n)$$



Last column of reduced augmented matrix is not a pivot column

Example Is  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  in  $\text{Span}\left(\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}\right)$  ?

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ in } \text{Span}\left(\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}\right) \Leftrightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 3 \end{array}\right) \text{ consistent}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 3 \end{array}\right) \longrightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 3 \end{array}\right) \longrightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 4 & 5 \end{array}\right)$$

System is Inconsistent

$$\Leftrightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right) \longleftarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & 4 & 5 \end{array}\right)$$



$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  not in  $\text{Span}\left(\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}\right)$

Linear System  $(A|\underline{b})$  has solution for any  $\underline{b}$   $\Leftrightarrow \text{Span}(\underline{a}_1, \dots, \underline{a}_n) = \mathbb{R}^m$



Last column of reduced augmented matrix is never a pivot  $\Leftrightarrow$  Reduced A has no zero rows

Example Is it true that  $\text{Span} \left( \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \mathbb{R}^3$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & -2 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow \text{zero row}$$

$\Rightarrow \text{Span} \left( \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right) \neq \mathbb{R}^3$ .