Name:_

 $\mathbf{Quiz}~\mathbf{5};$ Friday, March 3

MATH 54 with Prof. Sethian

GSI: Alex Carney

You have 15 minutes to complete the quiz. Calculators are not permitted.

1. (2 points) Can a linear map $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ have an eigenvector? Why or why not?

Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & c \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$, where $c \in \mathbb{R}$. For what values of c does A have

- (a) Exactly two real eigenvalues
- (b) Exactly one real eigenvalue
- (c) No real eigenvalues

- 2. (3 points) True or False:
 - (a) A non-trivial rotation matrix $\mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ has no real eigenvalues.
 - (b) A matrix is invertible if and only if zero is not an eigenvalue.
 - (c) $\begin{pmatrix} -1\\1\\0 \end{pmatrix}$ is an eigenvector for $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 8 & 16\\4 & 1 & 8\\-4 & -4 & -11 \end{pmatrix}$.