

Name: Solutions

Quiz 3

Math 74

September 22, 2006

1. Developing the appropriate context, write down the definition of image.

Suppose that $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is a function, and $A \subseteq X$. Then the image of A under f is the set

$$f(A) = \{f(x) \mid x \in A\}.$$

2. Is the following statement true? Provide a proof or a counterexample. Suppose that X and Y are sets, $f: X \rightarrow Y$, and $A, B \subseteq X$. Then

$$f(A \cap B) = f(A) \cap f(B).$$

We will provide a counterexample. Consider the map

$f: \{0, 1\} \rightarrow \{0\}$, $x \mapsto 0$. Let $A = \{0\}$, $B = \{1\}$. Then

$A \cap B = \emptyset$, so $f(A \cap B) = f(\emptyset) = \emptyset$. But

$f(A) = f(B) = \{0\}$, so $f(A) \cap f(B) = \{0\} \neq \emptyset = f(A \cap B)$.

3. Is the following statement true? Provide a proof or a counterexample. Suppose that X and Y are sets, $f: X \rightarrow Y$, and $A, B \subseteq X$. Then

$$f(A \cup B) = f(A) \cup f(B).$$

proof. Suppose $y \in f(A \cup B)$. Then

there exists $x \in A \cup B$ such that $y = f(x)$.

If $x \in A$, then clearly $y \in f(A)$.

If $x \in B$, then clearly $y \in f(B)$.

Either way, $y \in f(A) \cup f(B)$.

Hence $f(A \cup B) \subseteq f(A) \cup f(B)$.

Now suppose $y \in f(A) \cup f(B)$.

If $y \in f(A)$, then $y = f(x)$ for some

$x \in A$. If $y \in f(B)$, then $y = f(x)$ for

some $x \in B$. Either way, $y = f(x)$

for some $x \in A \cup B$. Hence

$y \in f(A \cup B)$. Thus

$f(A) \cup f(B) \subseteq f(A \cup B)$.