## Worksheet 22

## Sections 306 and 310 <br> MATH 54

Nov 6, 2018

Exercise 1. Can the method of undetermined coefficients be used to find a particular solution for the following?
(a) $y^{\prime \prime}+2 y^{\prime}-y=t^{-1} e^{t}$
(b) $y^{\prime \prime}+2 y^{\prime}-y=t e^{-t}$
(c) $2 y^{\prime \prime}-3 y=4 t \sin ^{2}(t)+4 t \cos ^{2}(t)$

Exercise 2. Find a particular solution for each of the following:
(a) $y^{\prime \prime}+4 y=8 \sin (2 t)$
(b) $y^{\prime \prime}-5 y^{\prime}+6 y=t e^{t}$

Exercise 3. Find the form of a particular solution of the following equation, but do not evaluate the coefficients.

$$
y^{\prime \prime}-y^{\prime}-12 y=2 t^{6} e^{-3 t}
$$

Exercise 4. Find a general solution to the following differential equation:

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+4 y=\sin (t)-\cos (t)
$$

Exercise 5. All that is know about a mysterious second-order constant-coefficient differential equation $y^{\prime \prime}+p y^{\prime}+q y=g(t)$ is that $t^{2}+1+e^{t} \cos (t), t^{2}+1+e^{t} \sin (t)$, and $t^{2}+1+e^{t} \cos (t)+e^{t} \sin (t)$ are solutions.
(a) Determine the general form of solutions to the homogeneous equation.
(b) Find a suitable choice of $p, q$, and $g(t)$ that enables these solutions.

