## Quiz 2 Solution (Version A)

In each of the following, (1) decide whether the limit exists as a number, as an infinite limit, or not at all, and (2) evaluate the limit if it exists.
(a)

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{x}}{x-3}
$$

(b)

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{|x|}{x^{2}}
$$

(c)

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{|x|}{x^{3}}
$$

(a) For $x \neq 3,(1 / 3-1 / x) /(x-3)=1 /(3 x)$. Substituting $x=3$ gives $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{x}}{x-3}=1 / 9$.
(b) $|x| / x^{2}=|1 / x|$, so $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{|x|}{x^{2}}=+\infty$.
(c) $|x| / x^{3}$ approaches $+\infty$ as $x \rightarrow 0^{+}$and approaches $-\infty$ as $x \rightarrow 0^{-}$, so the limit doesn't exist, either as a number or as an infinite limit.

