Matrix Computations & Scientific Computing Seminar

Organizer: James Demmel & Ming Gu

Wednesday, 11:00AM–12:00Noon, 380 Soda

Sept. 11 William Kahan, UC Berkeley Floating-Point Tricks to Solve Boundary-Value Problems Faster

Some old tricks are resuscitated to accelerate the numerical solution of certain discretized boundaryvalue problems. Without the tricks, half the digits carried by the arithmetic can be lost to roundoff when the discretization's grid-gaps get very small. The tricks can procure adequate accuracy from arithmetic with "float" variables 4-bytes wide instead of "double" variables 8-bytes wide that move slower through the computer's memory system and pipelines. Tricks are tricky for programs written in MATLAB 7+, JAVA, FORTRAN and post-1985 ANSI C. For the original Kernighan-Ritchie C of the late 1970s, and for a few implementations of C99 that fully support IEEE Standard 754 for Binary Floating-Point, the tricks are easy or unnecessary. Examples show how well the tricks work.

For details, see www.eecs.berkeley.edu/ \sim wkahan/Math128/FloTrik.pdf