

# Quilted Floer homology - news flash

joint w. Chris Woodward

David Gay for connected Cerf theory

Idea: Symplectic version of  $U(r)$ -instanton Floer homology

Fix  $d \in \mathbb{N}$  coprime to  $r$ .

$\Sigma$  closed, oriented  $\rightsquigarrow \begin{pmatrix} P \\ \downarrow \\ \Sigma \end{pmatrix}$   $U(r)$  bundle of degree  $d$   $\rightsquigarrow M(\Sigma) :=$  moduli space of central curvature, fixed determinant connections on  $P$

Thm:  $M(\Sigma)$  is smooth, symplectic, monotone,  $\min c_1 \geq 2$  for  $\Sigma$  connected.

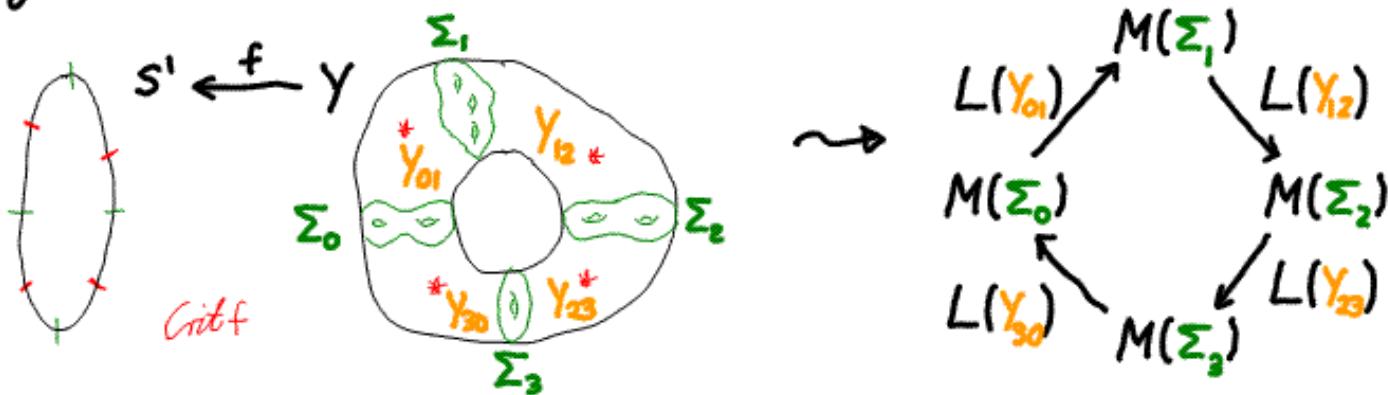
$\Sigma_0 \xrightarrow{Y} \Sigma_1$  cobordism  $\rightsquigarrow \begin{pmatrix} Q \\ \downarrow \\ Y \end{pmatrix}$   $U(r)$  bundle  $Q|_{\partial Y} = P_0 \cup P_1$   $L(Y) := M(Y)|_{\partial Y} \subset M(\Sigma_0) \times M(\Sigma_1)$

Thm:  $L(Y)$  is smooth, Lagrangian for  $Y$  compression body  
 $\dashrightarrow$  spin, simply connected  $\dashrightarrow$  elementary cobordism • trivial handle attachment

To construct an invariant for 3-manifolds  $Y$  from this, need

- a) decomposition of  $Y$  into elementary cobordisms w. connected dividing surfaces of genus  $\geq 1$  (since  $M(S^2) = \emptyset$ )

e.g. from  $S^1$ -valued Morse function



- a') Floer homology for cyclic sequences of Lagrangian correspondences

b) invariance of decompositions e.g. up to Cerf moves:

- critical point switch
- critical point cancellation
- cylinder cancellation
- diffeomorphism equivalence

} can all be viewed  
as (several)  
compositions of  
elem. cobordisms

$$\Sigma_0 \xrightarrow{Y_{01}} \Sigma_1 \xrightarrow{Y_{12}} \Sigma_2$$

$Y_{01} \cup Y_{12}$

Thm [Cerf, ..., Gay-Kirby, ...] Cerf moves with connected levels suffice.

$$\text{Thm: } M(\Sigma_0) \xrightarrow{L(Y_{01})} M(\Sigma_1) \xrightarrow{L(Y_{12})} M(\Sigma_2)$$

$L(Y_{01} \cup Y_{12}) = L(Y_{01}) \circ L(Y_{12})$

elementary cobordism compositions  
correspond to embedded composition  
of Lagrangian correspondences

b') isomorphism of Floer homology under embedded composition

quilted Floer homology for cyclic generalized Lagrangian correspondences

$$\underline{L} = (L_{i(i+1)} \subset (M_i \times M_{i+1}, (-\alpha_i) \oplus \omega_{i(i+1)}))_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_r}$$

$$\boxed{\text{HF}(\underline{L}) := \text{HF}(\Delta_{M_0} \times \Delta_{M_1} \times \dots \times \Delta_{M_{r-1}}, L_{01} \times L_{12} \times \dots \times L_{(r-1)r})}$$

$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow$

$$M_0 \times M_1 \times M_2 \times \dots \times M_{r-1} \times M_0$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} L_{01} & \rightarrow & M_1 & \xrightarrow{L_{12}} & M_2 \\ & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ & & M_0 & \xleftarrow{L_{(r-1)r}} & M_{r-1} \\ & & & & \ddots \end{array}$$

- generated by  $L_{01} \times L_{12} \times \dots \times L_{(r-1)r} \cap (\Delta_{M_0} \times \Delta_{M_1} \times \dots \times \Delta_{M_{r-1}})^T \cong \left\{ (p_i \in M_i)_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_r} \mid (p_i, p_{i+1}) \in L_{i(i+1)} \right\}$
- $\partial$  counts  $\left\{ v: \mathbb{R} \times [0,1] \rightarrow M_0 \times \dots \times M_0 \mid \bar{\partial}_J v = 0, v(\cdot, 0) \in \epsilon(\Delta \times \Delta)^T, v(\cdot, 1) \in L \times \dots \times L \right\}_{\mathbb{R}}$

quilted setup: specialize & generalize to  $(u_i: \mathbb{R} \times [0, \delta_i] \rightarrow M_i, \bar{\partial}_{J_i} u_i = 0)_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_r}$

## quilted Floer trajectories:

$$\left\{ V: \mathbb{R} \times [0,1] \rightarrow M_0 \times \dots \times M_r \mid \bar{\partial}_{J_0} V = 0, V(\cdot, 0) \in \epsilon (\Delta \times \Delta)^T, V(\cdot, 1) \in L_0 \times \dots \times L_r \right\} / \mathbb{R}$$



specialize : for "split"  $J = (J_0, -J_1, J_1, \dots, J_m, -J_0)$

$$\cong \left\{ (u_i: \mathbb{R} \times [1,1] \rightarrow M_i)_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_r} \mid \bar{\partial}_{J_i} u_i = 0, (u_i(s, 1), u_{i+1}(s, -1)) \in L_{i(i+1)} \right\} / \mathbb{R}$$



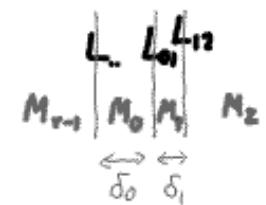
generalize to widths  $\underline{\delta} = (\delta_i > 0)_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_r}$

$$\left\{ (u_i: \mathbb{R} \times [0, \delta_i] \rightarrow M_i)_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_r} \mid \bar{\partial}_{J_i} u_i = 0, (u_i(s, \delta_i), u_{i+1}(s, 0)) \in L_{i(i+1)} \right\} / \mathbb{R}$$

$\Downarrow$

$$M(p^-, p^+, \underline{\delta})$$

$\lim_{s \rightarrow \pm\infty} (u_i(s, \cdot)) = p^\pm$



Lemma: After split Hamiltonian perturbation ,  $\tilde{L}_{i(i+1)} := (\text{id}_{M_i} \times \phi_{H_{i+1}}^{\delta_{i+1}})(L_{i(i+1)})$

all partial compositions are transverse ( $\Rightarrow$  immersions)

$$\tilde{L}_{i(i+1)} \times \dots \times \tilde{L}_{(j-1)j} \pitchfork M_i \times \Delta_{i+1} \times \dots \times \Delta_{j-1} \times M_j \hookrightarrow \tilde{L}_{i(i+1)} \circ \dots \circ \tilde{L}_{(j-1)j} \subset M_i \times M_j$$


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Thm: Fix widths  $\underline{\sigma}$ .  $\exists \mathcal{H}_{\text{reg}} \subset \{(H_i : M_i \rightarrow \mathbb{R})_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_r}\}$  comeagre :  $\forall \underline{H} \in \mathcal{H}_{\text{reg}}$

$\exists \mathcal{J}_{\text{reg}} \subset \{(\mathcal{J}_i : [0, \delta_i] \rightarrow \mathcal{J}(M_i, \omega_i))_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_r}\} : M(\underline{\rho}, \underline{\rho}^+, \underline{\sigma})$  cut out transversely.

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Proof: 2006: • all  $u_i$  nonconstant  
• all  $u_i$  constant

2011: • some  $u_i$  constant  $\rightsquigarrow$  using Lemma  
& a lot of Sard-Smale

problem:  $u_i$  constant but  
linearized seam cond<sup>n</sup> nonconstant }  $\longrightarrow$  does not happen generically

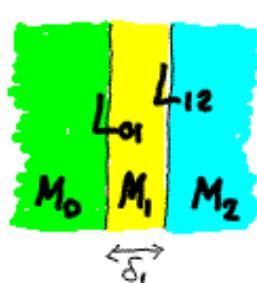
**Thm:** Differentials for varying widths are chain homotopy equivalent (modulo disk bubbling).

**strip shrinking analysis** for width  $\delta_i \rightarrow 0$

$$\underline{L} = (\dots, L_{01}, L_{12}, \dots), \quad L_{01} \times L_{12} \pitchfork M_0 \times \Delta_1 \times M_2 =: \tilde{L}_{02} \xrightarrow{\text{immersion}} L_{02} \subset M_0 \times M_2$$

**Conjecture:** For  $\delta_i > 0$  sufficiently small, there is a bijection between

$\mathcal{M}(\underline{P}, p^+, \underline{\delta})$  and "punctured quilted Floer trajectories for  $(\dots, L_{02}, \dots)$ "



(trees of)  
+ bubbles + lift of  
at punctures  
(some of which switch sheets)

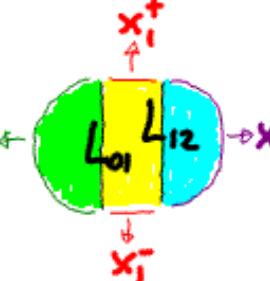


bubbles  $M_0 \quad M_1 \quad M_2 \cong S^2 \rightarrow M_i$  should be  $\text{codim} \geq 2$

$L_{01} \quad L_{12} \quad L_{02} \cong D^2 \rightarrow M_i \times M_j$  disk bubbles  
 $\partial D \rightarrow L_{ij}$

$L_{01} \quad L_{12}$  figure eight bubbles

switching if  $x_i^- \neq x_i^+$   
non-switching if  $x_i^- = x_i^+$



know: convergence for a sequence of radii  $x_0 \leftarrow L_{01} \rightarrow x_2$  to  $(x_0, x_1^\pm, x_2) \in \tilde{L}_{02}$

$$(x_0, x_2) \in L_{02}$$

don't know: removal of singularity, Fredholm theory, gluing, transversality

Cor.: Energy of figure eight bubbles with  $\bar{x}_i = x_i^+$  (e.g. for  $\tilde{L}_{02} \xrightarrow{h^{-1}} L_{02}$ )

is given by  $\langle [\omega_0, \omega_1, \omega_2], " \pi_2(M_0, M_1, M_2; L_{01}, L_{12})" \rangle$

$$\ll \left\{ \sum_{i=0}^2 S v_i^* \omega_i \mid \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram of three nested regions } M_0, M_1, M_2 \\ \text{with boundary layers } L_{01}, L_{12} \end{array} \right. \left. \begin{array}{l} v_2: D^2 \rightarrow M_2 \\ v_1: S \times [-h+1] \rightarrow M_1 \\ v_0: D^2 \rightarrow M_0 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} (v_1 \circ v_2)(S') \subset L_{12} \\ (v_0 \circ v_1)(S') \subset L_{01} \end{array} \right\}$$

Theorem: If  $\tilde{L}_{02} \rightarrow L_{02}$  injective and bubbling excluded

then  $\boxed{\text{HF}(\dots, L_{01}, L_{12}, \dots) \simeq \text{HF}(\dots, L_{02}, \dots)}$ .

(e.g. by monotonicity  
or energy control)

Example / Application: Chekanov-Polterovich torus

$$K = \{ (\underline{v}, \underline{w}) \in S^2 \times S^2 \mid v_3 + w_3 = 0, \forall (\underline{v}, \underline{w}) = \frac{2\pi}{3} \}$$

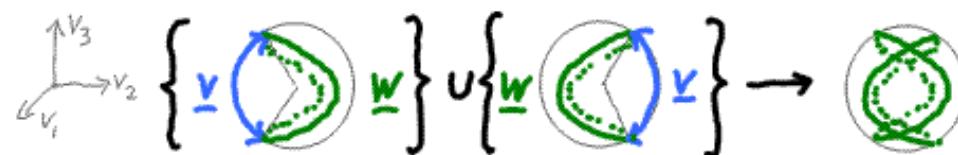
$\|\{\underline{v}\} = \beta \subset \mathbb{R}^3$

As correspondence  $(S^2) \xrightarrow{K} S^2$  it "maps"

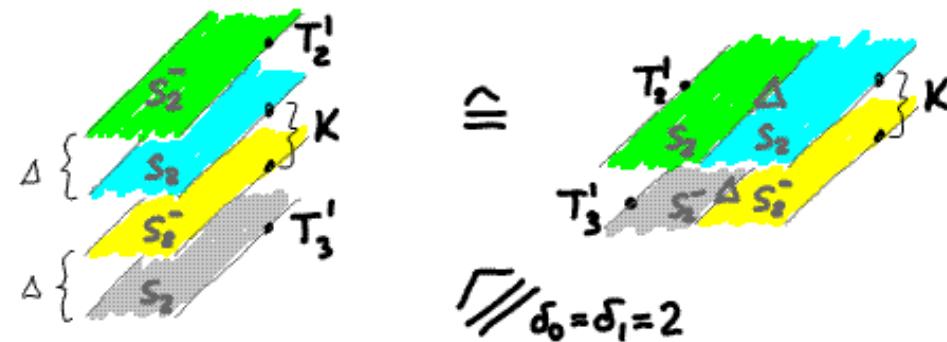
- $T_3' = \{ \underline{v} \in S^2 \mid v_3 = 0 \}$  to  $T_3' \circ K : \{ (\underline{v}, \underline{w}) \in K \mid \underline{v} \in T_3' \} \xrightarrow{\text{pr}_2} S^2$

$\|\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{circle} \\ \text{with } \underline{v} \text{ and } \underline{w} \end{array} \} \cup \{ \begin{array}{c} \text{circle} \\ \text{with } \underline{w} \text{ and } \underline{v} \end{array} \} \xrightarrow[\text{triv. double cover}]{(\underline{v}, \underline{w}) \mapsto \underline{w}} T_3'$

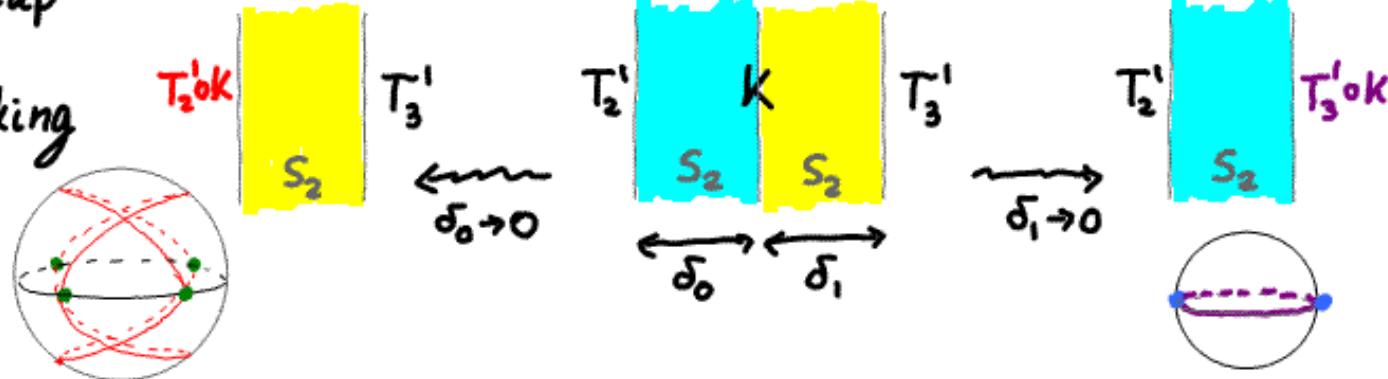
- $T_2' = \{ \underline{v} \in S^2 \mid v_2 = 0 \}$  to  $T_2' \circ K : \{ (\underline{v}, \underline{w}) \in K \mid \underline{v} \in T_2' \} \xrightarrow{\text{pr}_2} S^2$



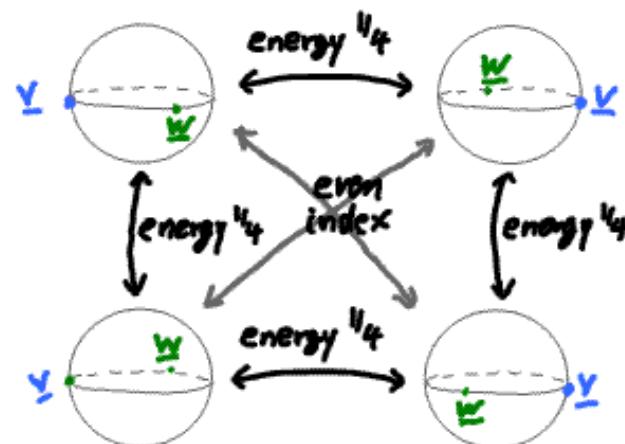
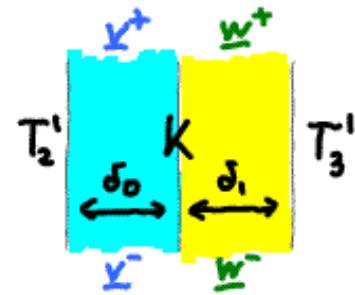
$$\text{HF} \left( \text{pt} \xrightarrow{T_2^1 \rightarrow (S^2)^-} \downarrow K \xleftarrow{T_3^1} S^2 \right) = \text{HF}(\{\underline{v}, \underline{v}, \underline{w}, \underline{w}\}, T_2^1 \times K \times T_3^1) \cong \text{HF}(T_2^1 \times T_3^1, K)$$



quilted setup  
&  
strip shrinking



$$\underline{CF(T_2^1 \times T_3^1, K)}$$



constant strip  
+ figure 8



+1  
-1

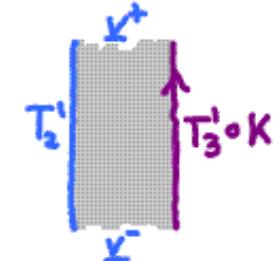
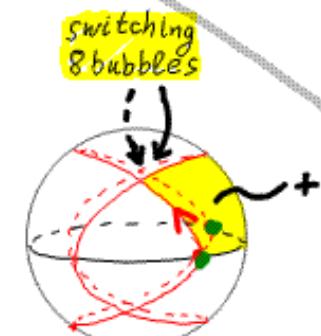
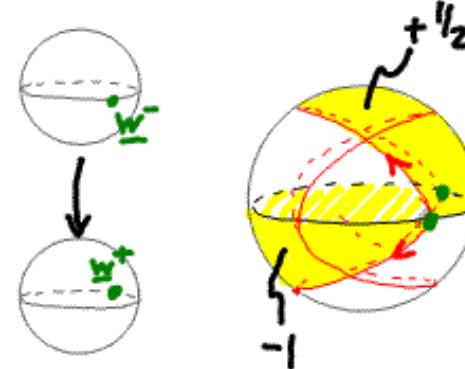
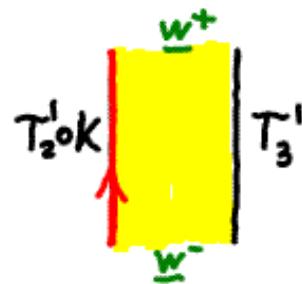
constant strip  
+ figure 8



+1  
-1

$\delta_1 \rightarrow 0$   
8energy  $\in \mathbb{N}$

$\left\{ \delta_0 \rightarrow 0 \text{ 8energy small} \right.$



- possible bubbling:
- energy of trajectories :  $\ell^4$  ;  $k\ell S^2 = 1$
  - energy of disk/sphere bubbles  $\in \frac{1}{2}N$   $\Rightarrow \partial$  unchanged by varying widths
  - energy of figure eight bubbles  $\frac{1}{4}N = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} K \\ | \\ T_3' \end{array} \right\}$ ,  $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} T_2' \\ | \\ K \end{array} \right\} = \text{smaller}$   $\sim \frac{1}{16}$

Thm: With twisted coefficients s.t.  $\partial^2 = 0$  get  $\partial = 0$  in this presentation

$$\Rightarrow HF(T^1 \times T^1, K) \cong H_*(T^2)$$

Proof:  $\leftrightarrow \partial = 0$  from  $\delta_i \rightarrow 0$   
 $\downarrow \partial = \lambda$  from symmetry

$\partial^2 = 0$  from Chekanov-Schlenk  
classification of disks on  $K$