

Name:

1. Find matrices C and P such that $A = PCP^{-1}$ and C is of the form $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix}$, where $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 13 \\ -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. Compute the orthogonal distance between the point $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and the line between the origin and $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$.