

## Worksheet For DIS 201/210

## Section 1.5

Problem 1: 
$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 4x_2 - 5x_3 = 0 \\ 2x_1 - x_2 + 8x_3 = 9 \end{cases}$$
 Find the general solution - write it as parametric vector form. then describe the meaning of it (that means describe the intersection of the 2-planes)

Problem 2: Describe the solution in parametric vector form

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 3x_2 - 5x_3 = 4 \\ x_1 + 4x_2 - 8x_3 = 7 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 = 8 \end{cases}$$

Problem 3: Quick Questions

(1) True or False

(a) A homogeneous equation is always consistent

(b) If  $Ax=0$  only have trivial solution, then  $Ax=b$  has at most one solution

(c) The equation  $Ax=b$  is homogeneous if the solution set pass through the origin

(d) if  $A$  is  $3 \times 3$  zero matrix, then the solution set of  $Ax=0$  is  $\mathbb{R}^3$

(2) Construct a matrix ( $3 \times 3$  non zero) such that the vector  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  is a solution of  $Ax=0$

(3) Can you find a vector  $\underline{b}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  not spanned by  $\underline{a}_1$   $\underline{a}_2$ ?

$$\underline{a}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \underline{a}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$