

## MIDTERM # 2 REVIEW WORKSHEET, 11/15/07

MATH 54, FALL 2007

1. Find the best fit line through the points  $(-1, 0)$ ,  $(0, 2)$ ,  $(2, 5)$ ,  $(3, 6)$ . (Hint: Set up a map from the space of lines [i.e.  $P_1$ ] to  $\mathbb{R}^4$  where the coordinates on  $\mathbb{R}^4$  correspond to the value of the function at  $-1$ ,  $0$ ,  $2$ , and  $3$ .)

2. (a) Find eigenvalues and eigenvectors for  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -3 \\ 15/2 & 11/2 \end{bmatrix}$ . Does  $A$  have an eigenbasis?

(b) Find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} A^n$ , if it exists.

3. (a) Find the eigenvalues of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(b) Is  $A$  diagonalizable?

4. (a) Find an orthogonal basis for the image of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(b) Find the projection of  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  onto the image of  $A$ .

5. Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -4 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$  over  $\mathbb{C}$ .

6. True or False? Justify your answer.

(a) If  $A^T = A$ , then any two eigenvectors with distinct associated eigenvalues are orthogonal.

(b) Every matrix has an eigenvector.

(c) If  $A$  is symmetric and  $S$  is orthogonal, then  $S^{-1}AS$  is symmetric.

(d)  $\text{im}(AA^T) = \text{im}(A)$

(e)  $\det(A + B) = \det(A) + \det(B)$

7. (a) Find all Fourier coefficients of the function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t \leq 0 \\ 1 & t > 0 \end{cases}.$$

(b) Find the projection of  $f(t)$  onto the span of  $1$ ,  $\cos t$ , and  $\sin t$  (on the interval  $[-\pi, \pi]$ ).