

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be the sheaf of abelian groups on  $\mathbb{R}$  that assigns to  $U \subset \mathbb{R}$  the abelian group of continuous functions  $\sigma : U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  that vanish on some neighborhood of  $0 \in \mathbb{R}$  whenever  $0 \in U$ .

Calculate the stalk of  $\mathcal{F}$  at  $0 \in \mathbb{R}$ .

2. Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be the presheaf of abelian groups on  $\mathbb{R}$  that assigns to  $U \subset \mathbb{R}$  the abelian group of continuous, bounded functions  $\sigma : U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .

Explain why  $\mathcal{F}$  is not a sheaf.

3. Let  $S^1 = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| = 1\}$  be the circle.

Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow S^1$  be the universal covering  $f(x) = \exp(2\pi ix)$ .

Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be the sheaf of sets on  $S^1$  that assigns to  $U \subset S^1$  the set of continuous sections of  $f$  over  $U$ . (A section of  $f$  over  $U$  is a map  $\sigma : U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f \circ \sigma$  is the identity of  $U$ .)

Set  $U_\alpha = S^1 \setminus \{1\}$ ,  $U_\beta = S^1 \setminus \{-1\}$ .

Calculate the diagram of restriction maps

$$\mathcal{F}(S^1) \longrightarrow \mathcal{F}(U_\alpha) \times \mathcal{F}(U_\beta) \rightrightarrows \mathcal{F}(U_\alpha \cap U_\beta)$$

and verify that it exhibits  $\mathcal{F}(S^1)$  as an equalizer.