

*You have 20 minutes to complete this quiz.*

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (5 points) Use Cramer's Rule to solve the system:

$$4x_1 - 3x_2 = -3$$

$$-6x_1 + 2x_2 = 4$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ -6 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, b = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, A_1(b) = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -3 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, A_2(b) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A) = -10, \det(A_1(b)) = 6, \det(A_2(b)) = -2$$

$$x_1 = \frac{6}{-10} = -\frac{3}{5}, x_2 = \frac{-2}{-10} = \frac{1}{5}$$

2. (5 points) Find a basis for the span of the following polynomials in the vector spaces of all polynomials:

$$\{x^2 - 1, 2x - 3, x^2 + 1, 4\}$$

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, v_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Pivots in the first, second, and third columns mean the basis =  
 $\{x^2 - 1, 2x - 3, x^2 + 1\}$