

Name: _____

Section: _____

1. Which of the following sets of vectors in \mathbb{R}^3 contain two linearly independent vectors but no more? (Note that, geometrically, this is the same as spanning a plane).

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}, \quad \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}, \quad \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}.$$

2. Does $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ lie in the span of $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$? Deduce whether or not $\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 = 5 \\ x_1 - x_2 = 1 \\ 3x_1 - x_2 = 5 \end{cases}$ has a solution.