

Application of abstract regularization techniques

at the example of

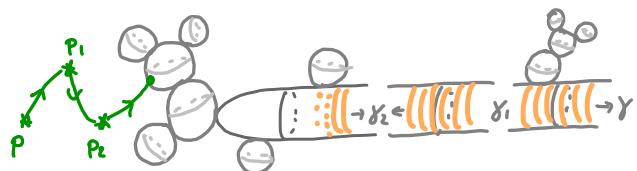
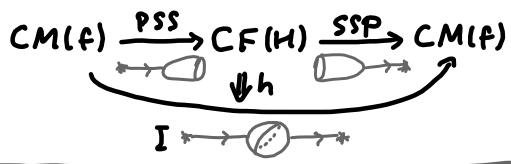
a "non-equivariant" proof of Arnold Conjecture

- using SFT moduli spaces

and

- introducing polyfold language

compact Piunikhin-Salamon-Schwarz moduli spaces via SFT



PSS: $\bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, \gamma) := \bigcup_{k=0}^{\infty} \bigcup_{\gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_k \in \mathcal{P}_H} \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, M) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}^{s^1}_+(\gamma_k) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}^{s^1}(\gamma_k, \gamma_{k+1}) \dots \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}^{s^1}(\gamma_1, \gamma)$

$$\simeq \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, M) \times \overline{\mathcal{N}_+}(\gamma) \quad \xrightarrow{\text{SFT compact-cation of}}$$

$\mathcal{N}_\pm(\gamma) := \left\{ \hat{u} : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^\pm \times M \mid \bar{\partial}_{\hat{J}} \hat{u} = 0, [\hat{u}] = [id] \times [u], E(u) < \infty, \hat{u}|_{\text{high}(\infty)} \sim id_{\mathbb{C}^\pm} \gamma \right\} / \text{Aut}(\mathbb{C})$

$\downarrow \quad \begin{matrix} [\hat{u}] \\ \downarrow \\ M \end{matrix}$

$\hat{J}_\pm = \begin{pmatrix} j_C & 0 \\ *_\pm & J \end{pmatrix} \text{ on } \frac{T\mathbb{C}}{T\gamma} \quad *_\pm \text{ domain dependent Hamiltonian perturbation}$

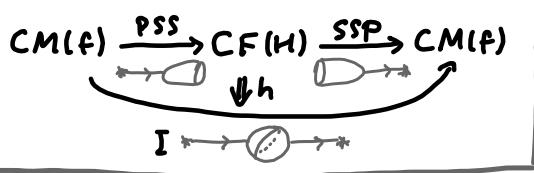
SSP: $\bar{\mathcal{M}}(\gamma, p) := \overline{\mathcal{N}_-}(\gamma) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p)$

SFT [Hofer et al]: $\mathbb{C}^\pm \times M$ symplectic cobordism $\emptyset \leftrightarrow S^1 \times M$
with pos/neg end $\mathbb{R}^\pm \times S^1 \times M$

compact-cation: "buildings of nodal holomorphic curves"

first/last level $\subset \mathbb{C}^\pm \times M$, other levels $\subset \mathbb{R} \times S^1 \times M$

compact Piunikhin - Salamon - Schwarz moduli spaces via SFT



PSS: $\bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, \gamma) := \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, M) \times \bar{\mathcal{N}}_+(\gamma)$ SFT compact-cation of

$$\bar{\mathcal{N}}_\pm(\gamma) := \left\{ \hat{u} : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^\pm \times M \mid \bar{\partial}_{\hat{J}_\pm} \hat{u} = 0, [\hat{u}] = [\text{id}] \times [u], E(u) < \infty, \hat{u}|_{\text{Int}(u)} \stackrel{\sim}{\rightarrow} \mathbb{C}^{\pm \times \gamma} \right\} / \text{Aut}(\mathbb{C})$$

\downarrow \hat{u}
 M $\text{im } \hat{u} \cap \{\infty\} \times M$

$\hat{J}_\pm = \begin{pmatrix} J_C & 0 \\ *_\pm & J \end{pmatrix}$ on $T\mathbb{C}$ \pm domain dependent
 \pm Hamiltonian perturbation

SSP: $\bar{\mathcal{M}}(\gamma, p) := \bar{\mathcal{N}}_-(\gamma) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p)$ \cong $M \times_{\mathbb{C}}$

h: $\bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, p_+) = \bigcup_{0 \leq R < \infty} \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}_R^{S^1} \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$

$\cup \bigcup_{k=0}^{\infty} \bigcup_{\gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_k \in \mathcal{P}_M} \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}_+^{S^1}(\gamma_1) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}^{S^1}(\gamma_1, \gamma_2) \dots \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}^{S^1}(\gamma_{k-1}, \gamma_k) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}_-(\gamma_k) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$

$= \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times \bar{\mathcal{N}}_{\text{stretch}} \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$ \cong $M \times_{\mathbb{C}} M$

$\bar{\mathcal{N}}_{\text{stretch}}$: SFT-compact-cation under "neck stretching" $R \rightarrow \infty$ of

$$\bar{\mathcal{N}}_{\text{stretch}} := \bigcup_{R \geq 0} \left\{ \hat{u} : \mathbb{P}^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1 \times M \mid \bar{\partial}_{\hat{J}_R} \hat{u} = 0, [\hat{u}] = [\text{id}] \times [u], E(u) < \infty \right\} / \text{Aut}(\mathbb{P}^1)$$

$\text{ex} \swarrow \text{ver} \searrow$ \downarrow
 M M $\text{im } \hat{u} \cap \{\infty\} \times M$

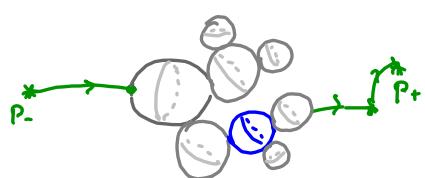
$(\mathbb{P}^1 \times M, \hat{J}_R) \xrightarrow[R \rightarrow \infty]{} (\mathbb{C}^+ \times M, \hat{J}_+) \cup (\mathbb{C}^- \times M, \hat{J}_-)$

\hat{J}_R compatible with $\omega_{\mathbb{P}^1} \times \omega_M \rightarrow$ metrics g_R on $\mathbb{P}^1 \times M$ with $\text{dist}_{g_R}((0, p), (0, q)) \xrightarrow[R \rightarrow \infty]{} \infty \quad \forall p, q \in M$

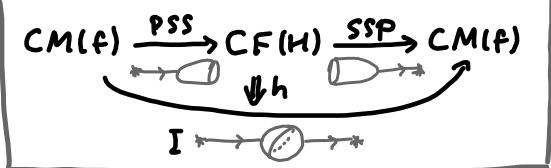
SFT-stretching-limit: buildings of nodal holomorphic curves in levels $\mathbb{C}^+ \times M, \dots, R \times S^1 \times M, \dots, \mathbb{C}^- \times M$

I: $\bar{\mathcal{M}}^I(p_-, p_+) = \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, p_+) \cap \{R=0\}$

$$= \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times \bar{\mathcal{N}}_{R=0} \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$$



compact Piunikhin - Salamon - Schwarz moduli spaces



Fredholm index of section
"Cutting out \bar{M} "

"volum" = dimension if regular

expected boundary phenomena

PSS	$\bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, \gamma) := \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, M) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{N}_+(\gamma)$	$\text{ind } \bar{\partial}_j - \dim \text{Aut}$	Morse breaking building levels
SSP	$\bar{\mathcal{M}}(\gamma, p) := \bar{N}_-(\gamma) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p)$	$\text{ind } \bar{\partial}_j - \dim \text{Aut}$	Morse breaking building levels
h	$\bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, p_+) := \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{N}_{\text{stretch}} \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$	$\text{ind } \bar{\partial}_j + 1 - \dim \text{Aut}$	Morse breaking building levels
I	$\bar{\mathcal{M}}^I(p_-, p_+) := \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{N}_{R=0} \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$	$\text{ind } \bar{\partial}_j - \dim \text{Aut} - \dim W_{p_-}^u - \dim W_{p_+}^s$	Morse breaking

energy $E: \bar{\mathcal{M}}(\dots) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ given by $E: \bar{N}(\dots) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
 $(x, \hat{u}, x_+) \mapsto E(\hat{u})$

+ nodal curves expected in codimension ≥ 2

index $I: \bar{\mathcal{M}}(\dots) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$

$$(x, \hat{u}, x_+) \mapsto \text{ind } D_{\hat{u}} \bar{\partial}_j (+1) - \dim \text{Aut} - |p_-| + |p_+| - (2n-1) \quad |p| := \dim W_p^u$$

$$\bar{\mathcal{M}}(\dots)_{k, E_0} := \{ I=k, E=E_0 \} \subset \bar{\mathcal{M}}(\dots) \quad (\subset \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{N}_{E=E_0} \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+))$$

(after regularization) expect

$$④ \partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}^I(p_-, p_+) \setminus \text{corners} = \partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{N}_{R=0} \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+) \cup \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{N}_{R=0} \times_{\mathbb{M}} \partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$$

$$③ \partial \bar{N}_{\text{stretch}} \setminus \text{corners} = N_{R=0} \cup \bigcup_{(\gamma)} N_+(\gamma) \times N_-(\gamma)$$

$$\Rightarrow \partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, p_+) = \partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \text{int } \bar{N}_{\text{stretch}} \times_{\mathbb{M}} \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+) \cup \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \text{int } \bar{N}_{\text{stretch}} \times_{\mathbb{M}} \partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$$

$$\cup \text{int } \bar{\mathcal{M}}^I_{E_0}(p_-, p_+) \cup \bigcup_{\substack{\gamma \\ E_+ + E_- = E_0}} \text{int } \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, \gamma) \times_{\mathbb{M}} \text{int } \bar{\mathcal{M}}(\gamma, p_+)$$

"non-equivariant" proof of Arnold Conjecture,

① Morse complex with Novikov coefficients

② $\bar{M}(\dots)_{0,E_i} = \bar{\mathcal{G}}^i(0)$ for "proper" index 0 \blacksquare -sections

Claim: PSS, SSP, h, I : $\langle \ast \rangle \mapsto \sum_{\ast, i} \langle [\bar{M}(\ast, \cdot)_{0, E_i}], 1 \rangle q^{E_i} \langle \cdot \rangle$ well defined

Proof:

- $\bar{M}(\ast, \cdot)_{0, E_i} = \bar{\mathcal{G}}^i(0)$ is the compact zero set of a \blacksquare -section of index 0
- \blacksquare -sections of index 0 with compact zero set have regularizations as
 - Čech homology class $\in \check{H}_0(\bar{\mathcal{G}}^i(0), \mathbb{Q})$
 - branched weighted 0-manifold $(\bar{\mathcal{G}} + \underline{\gamma})^i(0)$ unique up to weighted cobordism

$\blacksquare : \bar{M} = |\bar{\mathcal{G}}^i(0)| = \frac{\bar{\mathcal{G}}^i(0)}{\text{morphisms}}$ functor between categories

$$\begin{matrix} \mathcal{E} \\ \downarrow \\ \mathcal{B} \end{matrix}$$

Hofen-Wysocki-Zehnder

"Kuranishi"

Siebert	Hofen-Wysocki-Zehnder	"Kuranishi"
$Q_{bj\mathcal{B}}$ union of open subsets in Banach space	M -polyfold with boundary & corners	union of finite dimensional manifolds with boundary & corners
$\text{Mor}_{\mathcal{B}}$ homeomorphisms \otimes	scale-diffeomorphisms	(stratified) smooth embeddings [MW in progress]
$\bar{\mathcal{G}} _{0\mathcal{B}}$ \mathcal{C}' up to finite dimensions	scale-smooth	(stratified) smooth

Rmk: index = index $D_u \mathcal{G}$ locally constant $\forall u \in \mathcal{B}$, $E : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ locally constant

\otimes boundary & corner notion requires differentiability since $\overset{\text{diff}}{\parallel\!\!\!/\!\!\!/} \underset{\text{homeo}}{\simeq} \overset{\text{diff}}{\parallel\!\!\!/\!\!\!/}$

"non-equivariant" proof of Arnold Conjecture,

④ $\bar{M}^I(p_-, p_+),_{E_i} = \mathcal{G}^I(0)$ for proper index 1 \blacksquare -sections

$$\begin{matrix} E_i \\ \downarrow \\ B_i \end{matrix}$$

$$\bar{M}(p_-, M) \times_M \bar{N}_{\substack{R=0 \\ E=E_i}} \times_M \bar{M}(M, p_+) \quad \xrightarrow{\quad} \begin{array}{c} \text{circle} \\ \text{with hole} \end{array} \xrightarrow{\quad} p_+$$

over B with "boundary stratification induced from Morse trajectory spaces"

polyfold: $B = \bar{M}(p_-, M) \times B_N \times \bar{M}(M, p_+)$ B_N polyfold without boundary

$$G(x_-, \hat{u}, x_+) = \left(\bar{\partial}_J \hat{u}, \begin{matrix} "ev(x_-)" \\ "-ev_0(\hat{u})" \\ "-ev_\infty(\hat{u})" \end{matrix} \right) \quad \bar{\partial}_J : B_N \rightarrow E \text{ polyfold Fredholm}$$

$$\Rightarrow \partial' B = \partial' \bar{M}(p_-, M) \times B_N \times \text{int } \bar{M}(M, p_+) \cup \text{int } \bar{M}(p_-, M) \times B_N \times \partial' \bar{M}(M, p_+)$$

Notation: $\partial' = \text{boundary} \setminus \text{corners}$

$$\Rightarrow |\mathcal{G}^I(0) \cap \partial' B| = \underbrace{\partial' \bar{M}(p_-, M)}_{\bigcup M(p_-, p) \times \bar{M}(p, M)} \times_M \bar{N}_{\substack{R=0 \\ E=E_i}} \times_M \underbrace{\partial' \bar{M}(M, p_+)}_{\bigcup \bar{M}(M, p) \times M(p, p_+)} \cup M(p_-, M) \times_M \bar{N}_{\substack{R=0 \\ E=E_i}} \times_M \partial' \bar{M}(M, p_+)$$

$$= \bigcup_p M(p_-, p) \times \text{int } \bar{M}^I(p, p_+),_{E_i} \cup \bigcup_p \text{int } \bar{M}^I(p_-, p),_{E_i} \times M(p, p_+)$$

from index formula

(\Rightarrow additivity in breaking): $1 = \underbrace{|p| - |p_-|}_{\geq 1 \text{ or } \emptyset} + \underbrace{v\dim \bar{M}^I(p, p_+),_{E_i}}_{\text{expected } \geq 0 \text{ or } \emptyset} \quad \text{resp.} \quad \underbrace{v\dim \bar{M}^I(p_-, p),_{E_i}}_{\geq 0} + \underbrace{|p| - |p_+|}_{\geq 1 \text{ or } \emptyset} \geq 1$

\rightsquigarrow If G is regular then $|\mathcal{G}^I(0)|$ is a 1-dimensional manifold/orbifold

$$\text{with } |\partial \mathcal{G}^I(0)| = |\mathcal{G}^I(0) \cap \partial B| = \bigcup_{|p|=|p_-|+1} M(p_-, p) \times \bar{M}^I(p, p_+),_{E_i, 0} \cup \bigcup_{|p|=|p_+|-1} \bar{M}^I(p_-, p),_{E_i, 0} \times M(p, p_+)$$

\simeq contributions to $I \circ \partial$ and $\partial \circ I$

$$\Rightarrow O = I \circ \partial + \partial \circ I$$

"non-equivariant" proof of Arnold Conjecture,

④ $\bar{M}^I(p_-, p_+),_{E_i} = \sigma^{-1}(0)$ for proper index 1 \blacksquare -sections

"
 $\bar{M}(p_-, M) \times_M \bar{N}_{\substack{R=0 \\ E=E_i}} \times_M \bar{M}(M, p_+)$

over \mathcal{B} with "boundary stratification induced from Morse trajectory spaces"

[polyfold:] $\mathcal{B} = \bar{M}(p_-, M) \times \mathcal{B}_N \times \bar{M}(M, p_+)$ \mathcal{B}_N polyfold without boundary

$$\sigma(x_-, \hat{u}, x_+) = \left(\bar{\partial}_j \hat{u}, "ev(x_-)", "ev(x_+)" \right) \quad \bar{\partial}_j : \mathcal{B}_N \rightarrow \mathcal{E} \text{ polyfold Fredholm}$$

$$\Rightarrow \partial^1 \mathcal{B} = \partial^1 \bar{M}(p_-, M) \times \mathcal{B}_N \times \text{int} \bar{M}(M, p_+) \cup \text{int} \bar{M}(p_-, M) \times \mathcal{B}_N \times \partial^1 \bar{M}(M, p_+)$$

In general, abstract regularization for \blacksquare -sections provides a multisection $\underline{\gamma} : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \underset{\text{finite subsets}}{\Sigma}(\mathcal{E})$ so that all branches of $\sigma + \underline{\gamma}$ are in D_ε and hence (by \blacksquare implicit function theorem) $\bar{M}^I(p_-, p_+),_{E_i}$ is "regularized to" $\bar{M}^I(p_-, p_+),_{E_i}^{\text{reg}} := |(\sigma + \underline{\gamma})^{-1}(0)|$ compact weighted branched 1-manifold with boundary $|\partial|(\sigma + \underline{\gamma})^{-1}(0)| = |(\sigma + \underline{\gamma})^{-1}(0) \cap \partial^1 \mathcal{B}|$

$$(\text{in polyfold setting}) = \bigcup_p |(\sigma + \underline{\gamma})^{-1}(0) \cap (\mathcal{M}(p_-, p) \times \text{int } \mathcal{B}(p, p_+)_{E_i} \cup \mathcal{B}(p, p)_{E_i} \times \mathcal{M}(p, p_+))|$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{by above argument} &= \bigcup_{|P|=|p|-1+1} \mathcal{M}(p_-, p) \times \bar{M}^I(p, p_+),_{E_i}^{\text{reg}} \cup \bigcup_{\substack{|P|=|p|-1 \\ \text{Index 0 component of}}} \bar{M}^I(p, p)_{E_i}^{\text{reg}} \times \mathcal{M}(p, p_+) \\ \text{with abstract regularity} &\quad |(\sigma + \underline{\gamma})^{-1}(0) \cap \mathcal{B}(p, p_+)_{E_i}| \quad |(\sigma + \underline{\gamma})^{-1}(0) \cap \mathcal{B}(p, p)_{E_i}| \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow O = I \circ \partial + \partial \circ I \quad \text{for } I \text{ defined from } (\sigma + \underline{\gamma})^{-1}(0)$$

* need to be able to prescribe $\tilde{\nu}|_{\partial^1 \mathcal{B}}$ by choice made in ② when constructing I

"non-equivariant" proof of Arnold Conjecture,

④ $\bar{\mathcal{M}}^I(p_-, p_+),_{E_i} = \mathcal{G}^{-1}(0)$ for proper index 1 \blacksquare -sections

"
 $\bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times_M \bar{\mathcal{N}}_{R=0}^{E=E_i} \times_M \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$



$$\begin{matrix} E_i \\ \downarrow \\ B_i \end{matrix}$$

over $\mathcal{B} = \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) \times \mathcal{B}_N \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+)$ with boundary stratification induced

by $\partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, M) = \bigcup_p \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p_-, p) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, M)$

$\Rightarrow O = I \circ \partial + \partial \circ I$

$\partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p_+) = \bigcup_p \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p) \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, p_+)$

③ $\bar{\mathcal{M}}^h(p_-, p_+),_{E_i} = \mathcal{G}^{-1}(0)$ for proper index 1 \blacksquare -sections

over $\mathcal{B} = \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, M) \times \mathcal{B}_{N_{\text{stretch}}} \times \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p)$ with boundary stratification

induced by $\partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}(p, M)$, $\partial \bar{\mathcal{M}}(M, p)$, $\partial \mathcal{B}_{N_{\text{stretch}}} = \mathcal{B}_{N_{R=0}} \cup \mathcal{B}_{N_+} \times \mathcal{B}_{N_-}$

$$\begin{matrix} \{ & \{ \\ h \circ \partial & \partial \circ h \\ \} & \} \end{matrix} \qquad \begin{matrix} \{ & \{ \\ I & PSS & SSP \\ \} & \} \end{matrix}$$

$\Rightarrow I - SSP \circ PSS = \partial \circ h - h \circ \partial$

"non-equivariant" proof of Arnold Conjecture,

$$\textcircled{1} \quad CM(f) := \bigoplus_{p \in \text{crit}(f)} \Lambda < p > \supseteq \partial \quad \rightsquigarrow \frac{\text{ker } \partial}{\text{im } \partial} = HM(f) \cong H_*(M; \mathbb{Q}) \otimes \Lambda$$

$$\textcircled{2} - \textcircled{4} \quad CM(f) \xrightarrow{PSS} CF(H) \xrightarrow{SSP} CM(f)$$

$$I : HM(f) \rightarrow HM(f)$$

\textcircled{5} $I : HM_* \rightarrow HM_*$ isomorphism because

$$\bar{\mathcal{M}}^I(P_-, P_+, E)_{0, E} = \emptyset \quad \text{for } E < 0 \quad \parallel \text{are regular and don't need to be perturbed}$$

$$E(u) = \int u \cdot \omega \quad = \{u \equiv P_- = P_+\} \quad \text{for } E = 0 \quad \parallel \text{for coherence with } E > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow I = id_{CM(f)} + \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} q^{E_i} I_i \quad 0 < E_0 < E_1 < \dots E_i \xrightarrow{i \rightarrow \infty}$$

$$\Rightarrow \exists I^{-1} = id_{CM(f)} + (\text{determined iteratively})$$