## Sample Midterm 2, Math 1A

1. Let $p \neq 0$. Show by implicit differentiation that the tangent line to the curve

$$
x^{p}+y^{p}=1, x>0, y>0
$$

at the point $\left(x_{0}, y_{0}\right)$ is given by the equation $x_{0}^{p-1} x+y_{0}^{p-1} y=1$. Show that the $x$-intercept $a$ and $y$-intercept $b$ of the tangent line satisfy $a^{p /(1-p)}+b^{p /(1-p)}=1$ if $p \neq 1$.
2. A ladder 10 ft . long leans against a vertical wall. If the bottom of the ladder slides away from the base of the wall at a speed of $2 f t . / s$., how fast is the angle between the ladder and the wall changing when the bottom of the ladder is 6 ft . from the base of the wall?
3. Prove that $\ln (x) \leq x-1$ for $x>0$.
4. Let

$$
g(x)= \begin{cases}e^{-1 / x}, & x>0  \tag{1}\\ 0, & x \leq 0\end{cases}
$$

Show that $g$ is differentiable and $g^{\prime}(0)=0$.
5. Bismuth- 210 has a half-life of 5.0 days. A sample of Bismuth has a mass of 128 mg .
(a) Find a formula for the mass remaining after $t$ days.
(b) Find the mass remaining after 30 days.
(c) When is the mass reduced to $1 m g$ ?
6. Find the maxima and minima of $x^{3}-3 x+1$ on the interval $[0,3]$.
7. Find the intervals on which $f$ is increasing and decreasing, find the intervals of concavity and the inflection points, for the function $f(x)=\left(x^{2}+4 x+5\right) e^{-x}$.
8. Find

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^{2} \sin (1 / x)}{\sin (x)}
$$

or prove that the limit doesn't exist.

